

## **DUCTLESS MULTI-PORT SYSTEM**

## Installation, Service & Troubleshooting

Models:

MULTI18HP230V1A MULTI24HP230V1A MULTI30HP230V1A MULTI36HP230V1A MULTI42HP230V1A

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## Safety Precautions & Warnings



## Warning

Installing, starting up, and servicing air conditioner can be hazardous due to system pressure, electrical components, and equipment location, etc. Only trained, qualified installers and service personnel are allowed to install, start-up, and service this equipment. Untrained personnel can perform basic maintenance functions such as cleaning coils. All other operations should be performed by trained service personnel. When handling the equipment, observe precautions in the manual and on tags, stickers, and labels attached to the equipment. Follow all safety codes. Wear safety glasses and work gloves. Keep quenching cloth and fire extinguisher nearby when brazing. Read the instructions thoroughly and follow all warnings or cautions in literature and attached to the unit. Consult local building codes and current editions of national as well as local electrical codes.

Recognize the following safety information:



**Warning:** Incorrect handling could result in personal injury or death.



**Caution:** Incorrect handling may result in minor injury, or damage to product or property.

### Warning

All electrical work must be performed by a qualified, licensed electrician according to local and national codes as well mas the instructions provided in the manual.

- Before installing, modifying, or servicing the system, the main electrical disconnect must be off.
   There may be more than one disconnect switch.
   Lock out and tag switch with a suitable warning label.
- Never supply power to the unit unless all wiring and tubing are completed, reconnected and checked.
- This system adopts highly dangerous electrical voltage. Incorrect connections or inadequate grounding can cause personal injury or death.
   Refer to your local and national codes for proper grounding.
- Have the unit properly grounded with all connections tight. Loose connections can cause overheating and a possible fire hazard.

### Caution

- Never install the unit in a place where a combustible gas might leak, or it may lead to fire or explosion.
- Make a proper provision against noise when the unit is installed at a telecommunication center or hospital.
- Provide a GFIC circuit when the local or national electric code requires it.
- Never wash the unit with water.
- Handle unit transportation with care. Use two people when the weight exceeds the capacity for one person.
- Never touch the heat exchanger fins with bare hands, sharp edges could cause personal injury.
- Never touch the compressor or refrigerant tubing without proper hand protection.
- Do not operate th unit without the air filters in place.
- Should any emergency occur, stop the unit and disconnect the electrical supply.
- Properly insulate tubing running inside the room to prevent water damage from condensation.



### Warning

All installation or repair work shall be performed by your dealer or a specialized subcontractor as there is the risk of fire, electric shock, explosion or injury



## Warning

### Pressurized Refrigerant

Personal injury could result in failure to follow this warning. System contain oil and refrigerant under high pressure, proper refrigerant handling techniques should be completed by a qualified technician.



## Warning

### Live Electrical Components

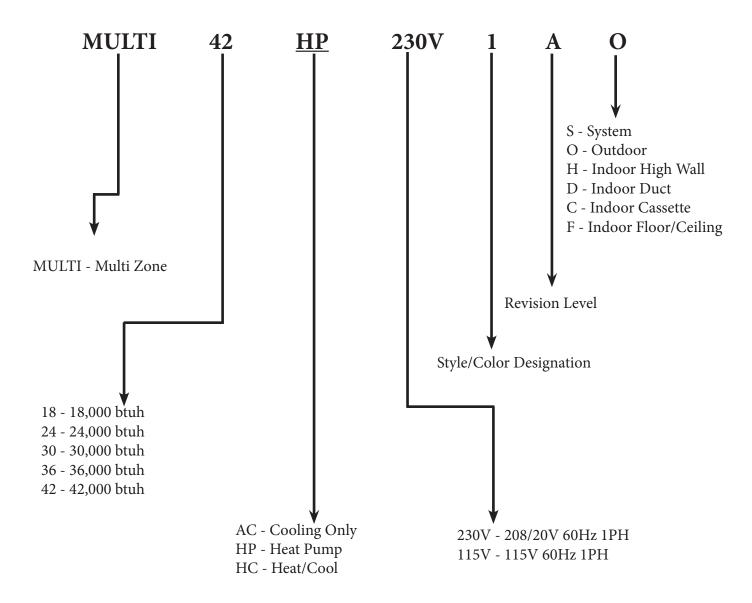
Personal injury, property damage, or death could result in failure to follow this warning.

Follow all electrical precautions when servicing this system, it may be necessary to service or troubleshoot with live electrical circuits. All work should be completed by a qualified technician.

## Model Number Identification

# **Product Catalog Number-Nomenclature**

## Example MULTI42HP2301AO



# Physical & Electrical Data, cont.

Model		MULTI18HP230V1A	MULTI24HP230V1A
System Type		Heat Pump	
Power Supply		208-230V / 60Hz	208-230V / 60Hz
Rated Current Cooling	Amps	7.6	13.5
Rated Current Heating	Amps	7.5	12.4
System Performance			
Cooling Cap (Min/Max)	Btu/h	18,000(7,000-21,000)	26,000(7,500-33,000)
Heating Cap (Min/Max)	Btu/h	19,000(8,530-22,600)	29,000(7,500-35,000)
Operating Range - Cooing	deg F	23 - 118	23 - 118
Operating Range - Heating	deg F	5 - 80	5 - 80
System Specifications			
Compressor Type		DC Inverter-driv	ren Twin Rotary
Sound Level	db	56	56
Unit Dimensions (WxHxD)	inches	35.4 x 23.5 x 14.9	37.2 x 27.6 x 15.6
Net/Gross Weight	lb	95 / 106	135 / 146
Condenser Coil Type		Gold Fin	Coated
Max # Connectible Indoor Units		2	3
Refrigerant/Charge	oz	R410a / 47.6	R410a / 77.6
		1/4" - 3/8"	1/4" - 3/8"
Port Size (Liquid - Suction)	inches	1/4" - 3/8"	1/4" - 3/8"
			1/4" - 3/8"
Pre-Charged Lineset Ft.	Feet	33	98
Additional Refrigerant charge/additional feet	OZ	0.2	0.2
Max. Total Piping Length	Feet	66	230
Max. Equivalent Length (Outdoor to last indoor unit)	Feet	33	66
Max. Elevation	Feet	33	66
MCA	Amps	13	20
MOP	Amps	20	30

Note: The manufacturer reserves the right to modify the design and/or change the specifications without notice. Please refer to specific installation manual for current information.

# Physical & Electrical Data, cont.

Model		MULTI30HP230V1A	MULTI36HP230V1A					
System Type		Heat Pump						
Power Supply		208-230V / 60Hz	208-230V / 60Hz					
Rated Current Cooling	Amps	15.3	19.2					
Rated Current Heating	Amps	12.6	15.8					
System Performance								
Cooling Cap (Min/Max)	Btu/h	29,000 (7,500-34,000)	34,000 (8,530-34,120)					
Heating Cap (Min/Max)	Btu/h	30,500 (7,500-36,000)	35,800 (10,663-40,944)					
Operating Range - Cooing	deg F	23 - 118	23 - 118					
Operating Range - Heating	deg F	5 - 80	5 - 80					
System Specifications								
Compressor Type		DC Inverter-driv	en Twin Rotary					
Sound Level	db	56	57					
Unit Dimensions (WxHxD)	inches	37.2 x 27.6 x 15.6	38.5 x 31.2 x 15					
Net/Gross Weight	lb	153 / 165	161 / 172					
Condenser Coil Type		Gold Fin	Coated					
Max # Connectible Indoor Units		4	4					
Refrigerant/Charge	OZ	R410a / 77.6	R410a / 102.2					
		1/4" - 3/8"	1/4" - 3/8"					
		1/4" - 3/8"	1/4" - 3/8"					
Port Size (Liquid - Suction)	inches	1/4" - 3/8"	1/4" - 1/2"					
•		1/4" - 3/8"	3/8" - 5/8"					
Pre-Charged Lineset Ft	Feet	131	131					
Additional Refrigerant charge/additional feet	OZ	0.2	0.2					
Max. Total Piping Length	Feet	230	230					
Max. Equivalent Length (Outdoor to last indoor unit)	Feet	66	82					
Max. Elevation	Feet	66	82					
MCA	Amps	26	28					
MOP	Amps	45	45					

Note: The manufacturer reserves the right to modify the design and/or change the specifications without notice. Please refer to specific installation manual for current information.

# Physical & Electrical Data, cont.

Model		MULTI42HP230V1A
System Type		Heat Pump
Power Supply		208-230V / 60Hz
Rated Current Cooling	Amps	19.5
Rated Current Heating	Amps	20.5
System Performance		
Cooling Cap (Min/Max)	Btu/h	41,000 (8,530 - 46,403)
Heating Cap (Min/Max)	Btu/h	44,500 (10,663 - 47,768)
Operating Range - Cooing	deg F	23 - 118
Operating Range - Heating	deg F	5 - 80
System Specifications		
Compressor Type		DC Inverter-driven Twin Rotary
Sound Level	db	58
Unit Dimensions (WxHxD)	inches	40 x 43.5 x 17.4
Net/Gross Weight	lb	225 / 247
Condenser Coil Type		Gold Fin Coated
Max # Connectible Indoor Units		5
Refrigerant/Charge	OZ	R410a / 169.3
		1/4" - 3/8"
Deat Ole (Ulandal Ocation)		1/4" - 3/8"
Port Size (Liquid - Suction)	inches	1/4" - 1/2"
·		1/4" - 1/2"
		3/8" - 5/8"
Pre-Charged Lineset Ft	Feet	168
Additional Refrigerant charge/additional feet	OZ	0.2
Max. Total Piping Length	Feet	262
Max. Equivalent Length (Outdoor to last indoor unit)	Feet	82
Max. Elevation	Feet	82
MCA	Amps	29
MOP	Amps	50

Note: The manufacturer reserves the right to modify the design and/or change the specifications without notice. Please refer to specific installation manual for current information.

### **System Overview**

The +MULTI Ductless split heat pumps are a multi zone unit available in size from 9000 btuh to 42, 000 btuh providing heating and cooling. All comfort settings are controlled by a remote control. The +MULTI unit has many features to enhance comfort and efficiency. The operation of these features will be explained later in this service manual.

Superior inverter technology is used to control capacity while maintaining maximum efficiency. The +MULTI systems are equipped with G10 inverter technology providing precise control over the compressor frequency based on operating pressures and temperatures. Should an abnormal condition occur, the software will adjust the compressor frequency or shut down the system indicating the appropriate fault.

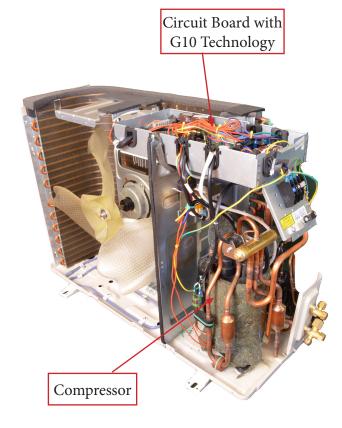
The indoor unit contains a digital display, which will indicate the current fault. The evaporator, swing motors, fan motors and circuit board are also components of the indoor unit. The indoor units have a bypass switch to bypass the remote control if lost or batteries fail. This will be explained later in this service manual.

The systems require R410A and are pre-charged for specific lineset lenght. Please refer to your installation manual for maximum pre-charge line lenght and additional charge for longer lineset lenghts.

The maximum allowable line lift and distances vary by model, please refer to the charts in the manual for proper lineset applications.

The systems use a PVE oil and should require no addi-tional oil. All +MULTI units utilize an Oil Return Mode which will return oil to the compressor should the need arise.





Matching combinations and capacities										
Outdoor Unit Model	+Multi	Co	Cooling Capacity (Btu/h)				Heating Capacity (Btu/h)			
MULTI18HP230V1C	)	Zone 1	Zone 2	Zone 3	Zone 4	Zone 1	Zone 2	Zone 3	Zone 4	
9K+9K	Dual	9,000	9,000			9,500	9,500			
9K+12K	Zone	9,000	12,000			9,500	13,000			
MULTI24HP230V1C	)	Zone 1	Zone 2	Zone 3	Zone 4	Zone 1	Zone 2	Zone 3	Zone 4	
9K+18K		8,400	16,600			9,000	18,000			
12K+12K	Dual	12,000	12,000			13,000	13,000			
12K+18K	Zone	10,000	15,000			11,200	16,800			
18K+18K		12,750	12,750			14,250	14,250			
9K+9K+9K		8,667	8,667	8,667		9,667	9,667	9,667		
9K+9K+12K		8,000	8,000	10,000		9,000	9,000	11,000		
9K+9K+18K	Tri Zone	7,000	7,000	12,000		6,000	6,000	17,000		
9K+12K+12K	Zone	6,000	10,000	10,000		6,000	11,500	11,500		
12K+12K+12K		8,667	8,667	8,667		9,667	9,667	9,667		
MULTI30HP230V1C	)	Zone 1	Zone 2	Zone 3	Zone 4	Zone 1	Zone 2	Zone 3	Zone 4	
9K+12K+18K	т:	6,800	7,200	13,000		7,050	9,350	14,100		
12K+12K+12K	Tri Zone	8,667	8,667	8,667		9,667	9,667	9,667		
12K+12K+18K	Zone	6,500	6,500	15,000		8,700	8,700	13,100		
9K+9K+9K+9K	Ourd	7,250	7,250	7,250	7,250	7,625	7,625	7,625	7,625	
9K+9K+9K+12K	Quad Zone	7,000	7,000	7,000	7,000	7,100	7,100	7,100	9,200	
9K+9K+12K+12K	Zone	6,800	6,800	6,800	7,700	6,500	6,500	9,000	9,000	
9K+9K+9K+9K		8,359	8,359	8,359	8,359	10,031	10,031	10,031	10,031	
9K+9K+9K+12K		7,506	7,506	7,506	10,918	9,008	9,008	9,008	13,102	
9K+9K+9K+18K		6,824	6,824	6,824	12,283	8,189	8,189	8,189	14,740	
			C 0 2 4	0.005	9,895	8,189	8,189	11,874	11,874	
9K+9K+12K+12K	01	6,824	6,824	9,895	7,075	0,107	-,	11,071	,	
9K+9K+12K+12K 9K+9K+12K+18K	Quad	6,824 6,312	6,824 6,312	8,871	12,283	7,575	7,575	10,645	14,740	
	Quad Zone						i	i	<del> </del>	
9K+9K+12K+18K	_	6,312	6,312	8,871	12,283	7,575	7,575	10,645	14,740	
9K+9K+12K+18K 9K+9K+18K+18K	_	6,312 5,459	6,312 5,459	8,871 11,260	12,283 11,260	7,575 6,551	7,575 6,551	10,645 13,512	14,740 13,512	

MULTI36HP230	0V1O (2 to3 indoor	units) Cooling Perfo	ormance Parameter	S		
Indoor units match	Total Capacity	Room A	Room B	Room C	Room D	Capacity (W) RATED
9+9	18	2500	2500	-	-	5000
9+12	21	2500	3600	-	-	6000
9+18	27	2200	4900	-	-	7100
9+21	30	2000	6000	-	-	8000
9+24	33	2000	6000	-	-	8000
12+12	24	3000	3000	-	-	6000
12+18	30	3100	4000	-	-	8000
12+21	33	3000	5000	-	-	8000
12+24	36	3000	5000	-	-	8000
18+18	36	4000	4000	-	-	8000
18+21	39	3600	4500	-	-	8000
18+24	42	3600	4500	-	-	8000
21+21	42	4000	4000	-	-	8000
21+24	45	4000	4000	-	-	8000
24+24	48	4000	4000	-	-	8000
9+9+9	27	2400	2400	2400	-	7200
9+9+12	30	2050	2150	3000	-	7200
9+9+18	36	2100	2100	4500	-	8700
9+9+21	39	1850	1850	5000	-	8700
9+9+24	42	1850	1850	5000	-	8700
9+12+12	33	2200	3250	3250	-	8700
9+12+18	39	1800	2950	3950	-	8700
9+12+21	42	1600	2350	4750	-	8700
9+12+24	45	1600	2350	4750	-	8700
9+18+18	45	1750	3450	3450	-	8700
9+18+21	48	1600	2650	4450	-	8700
9+18+24	51	1600	2650	4450	-	8700
9+21+21	51	1500	3600	3600	-	8700
12+12+12	36	2900	2900	2900	-	8700
12+12+18	42	2500	2500	3700	-	8700
12+12+21	45	2200	2200	4300	-	8700
12+12+24	48	2200	2200	4300	-	8700
12+18+18	48	2700	3600	3600	-	8700
12+18+21	51	1600	3100	4000	-	8700
18+18+18	54	2900	2900	2900	-	8700

Indoor units	Total	Room	Room	Room	Room	Capacity (W)
match	Capacity	A	В	С	D	RATED
9+9+9+9	36	2450	2450	2450	2450	9800
9+9+9+12	39	2200	2200	2200	3200	9800
9+9+9+18	45	2000	2000	2000	3600	9800
9+9+9+21	48	1800	1800	1800	4400	9800
9+9+9+24	51	1800	1800	1800	4400	9800
9+9+12+12	42	2000	2000	2900	2900	9800
9+9+12+18	48	1850	1850	2600	3600	9800
9+9+12+21	51	1600	1600	2700	3900	9800
9+9+18+18	54	1600	1600	3300	3300	9800
9+12+12+12	45	2300	2500	2500	2500	9800
9+12+12+18	51	1800	2200	2200	3600	9800
12+12+12+12	48	2450	2450	2450	2450	9800
12+18+18	48	2700	3600	3600	-	8700
12+18+21	51	1600	3100	4000	-	8700
18+18+18	54	2900	2900	2900	-	8700
9+9+9+9	36	2450	2450	2450	2450	9800
9+9+9+12	39	2200	2200	2200	3200	9800
9+9+9+18	45	2000	2000	2000	3600	9800
9+9+9+21	48	1800	1800	1800	4400	9800
9+9+9+24	51	1800	1800	1800	4400	9800

MULTI36HP230	OV1O (2 to3 indoor	units) Heating Perfo	rmance Parameters			
Indoor units	Total	Room	Room	Room	Room	Capacity (W)
match	Capacity	A	В	С	D	RATED
9+9	18	3250	3250	-	-	6500
9+12	21	3250	4680	-	-	7800
9+18	27	2860	6370	-	-	9230
9+21	30	2400	7200	-	-	9600
9+24	33	2400	7200	-	-	9600
12+12	24	3900	3900	-	-	7800
12+18	30	3720	4800	-	-	9600
12+21	33	3600	6000	-	-	9600
12+24	36	3600	6000	-	-	9600
18+18	36	4800	4800	-	-	9600
18+21	39	4320	5400	-	-	9600
18+24	42	4320	5400	-	-	9600
21+21	42	4800	4800	-	-	9600
21+24	45	4800	4800	-	-	9600
24+24	48	4800	4800	-	-	9600
9+9+9	27	2640	2640	2640	-	7920
9+9+12	30	2255	2365	3300	-	7920
9+9+18	36	2520	2520	5400	-	10440
9+9+21	39	2220	2220	6000	-	10440
9+9+24	42	2220	2220	6000	-	10440
9+12+12	33	2640	3900	3900	-	10440
9+12+18	39	2160	3540	4740	-	10440
9+12+21	42	1920	2820	5700	-	10440
9+12+24	45	1920	2820	5700	-	10440
9+18+18	45	2100	4140	4140	-	10440
9+18+21	48	1920	3180	5340	-	10440
9+18+24	51	1920	3180	5340	-	10440
9+21+21	51	1800	4320	4320	-	10440
12+12+12	36	3480	3480	3480	-	10440
12+12+18	42	3000	3000	4440	-	10440
12+12+21	45	2640	2640	5160	-	10440
12+12+24	48	2640	2640	5160	-	10440
12+18+18	48	3240	4320	4320	-	10440
12+18+21	51	1920	3720	4800	-	10440
18+18+18	54	3480	3480	3480	-	10440

MULTI36HP23	0V1O (4 indoor unit	ts) Heating Perforr	mance Parameters	, cont.		
Indoor units match	Total Capacity	Room A	Room B	Room C	Room D	Capacity (W) RATED
9+9+9+9	36	2940	2940	2940	2940	11760
9+9+9+12	39	2640	2640	2640	3840	11760
9+9+9+18	45	2400	2400	2400	4320	11760
9+9+9+21	48	2160	2160	2160	5280	11760
9+9+9+24	51	2160	2160	2160	5280	11760
9+9+12+12	42	2400	2400	3480	3480	11760
9+9+12+18	48	2220	2220	3120	4320	11760
9+9+12+21	51	1920	1920	3240	4680	11760
9+9+18+18	54	1920	1920	3960	3960	11760
9+12+12+12	45	2760	3000	3000	3000	11760
9+12+12+18	51	2160	2640	2640	4320	11760
12+12+12+12	48	2940	2940	2940	2940	11760
9+9+9+9	36	2940	2940	2940	2940	11760

MULTI42HP2	230V1O (2 to3 i	ndoor units) Co	oling Performa	nce Paramete	rs		
Indoor units match	Total Capacity	Room A	Room B	Room C	Room D	Room E	Capacity (W) RATED
9+12	21	8530	11942	-	-	-	20472
9+18	27	7506	16719	-	-	-	24225
9+21	30	6824	20472	-	-	-	27296
9+24	33	6824	20472	-	-	-	27296
12+12	24	10236	10236	-	-	-	20472
12+18	30	10577	16719	-	-	-	27296
12+21	33	11942	20472	-	-	-	32414
12+24	36	10236	22178	-	-	-	32414
18+18	36	16207	16207	-	-	-	32414
18+21	39	14672	17742	-	-	-	32414
18+24	42	13989	18766	-	-	-	32755
21+21	42	16207	16207	-	-	-	32414
21+24	45	16036	16378	-	-	-	32414
24+24	48	16207	16207	-	-	-	32414
9+9+9	27	8189	8189	8189	-	-	24566
9+9+12	30	6995	7336	10236	-	-	24566
9+9+18	36	8018	8018	16378	-	-	32414
9+9+21	39	8359	8359	18766	-	-	35485
9+9+24	42	8189	8189	19107	-	-	35485
9+12+12	33	8530	10577	10577	-	-	29684
9+12+18	39	8530	10918	16036	-	-	35485
9+12+21	42	7848	9554	18084	-	-	35485
9+12+24	45	7848	9554	22178	-	-	39579
9+18+18	45	7165	15013	15013	-	-	37191
9+18+21	48	6824	13989	18766	-	-	39579
9+18+24	51	6824	13648	19107	-	-	39579
9+21+21	51	6142	16719	16719	-	-	39579
9+21+24	54	5971	16719	16889	-	-	39579
9+24+24	57	5800	16889	16889	-	-	39579
12+12+12	36	11771	11771	11942	-	-	35485
12+12+18	42	10918	10918	13648	-	-	35485
12+12+21	45	10236	10236	19107	-	-	39579
12+18+18	48	3240	4320	4320	-		10440
12+18+21	51	1920	3720	4800	-		10440
18+18+18	54	3480	3480	3480	-		10440

MULTI42HP2	230V1O (2 to3 i	ndoor units) Co	oling Performa	nce Paramete	rs		
Indoor units match	Total Capacity	Room A	Room B	Room C	Room D	Room E	Capacity (W) RATED
9+12	21	8530	11942	-	-	-	20472
9+18	27	7506	16719	-	-	-	24225
9+21	30	6824	20472	-	-	-	27296
9+24	33	6824	20472	-	-	-	27296
12+12	24	10236	10236	-	-	-	20472
12+18	30	10577	16719	-	-	-	27296
12+21	33	11942	20472	-	-	-	32414
12+24	36	10236	22178	-	-	-	32414
18+18	36	16207	16207	-	-	-	32414
18+21	39	14672	17742	-	-	-	32414
18+24	42	13989	18766	-	-	-	32755
21+21	42	16207	16207	-	-	-	32414
21+24	45	16036	16378	-	-	-	32414
24+24	48	16207	16207	-	-	-	32414
9+9+9	27	8189	8189	8189	-	-	24566
9+9+12	30	6995	7336	10236	-	-	24566
9+9+18	36	8018	8018	16378	-	-	32414
9+9+21	39	8359	8359	18766	-	-	35485
9+9+24	42	8189	8189	19107	-	-	35485
9+12+12	33	8530	10577	10577	-	-	29684
9+12+18	39	8530	10918	16036	-	-	35485
9+12+21	42	7848	9554	18084	-	-	35485
9+12+24	45	7848	9554	22178	-	-	39579
9+18+18	45	7165	15013	15013	-	-	37191
9+18+21	48	6824	13989	18766	-	-	39579
9+18+24	51	6824	13648	19107	-	-	39579
9+21+21	51	6142	16719	16719	-	-	39579
9+21+24	54	5971	16719	16889	-	-	39579
9+24+24	57	5800	16889	16889	-	-	39579
12+12+12	36	11771	11771	11942	-	-	35485
12+12+18	42	10918	10918	13648	-	-	35485
12+12+21	45	10236	10236	19107	-	-	39579

MULTI42HP2	230V1O (3 to4 i	ndoor units) Coo	oling Performa	nce Parameter	rs		
Indoor units match	Total Capacity	Room A	Room B	Room C	Room D	Room E	Capacity (W) RATED
12+12+24	48	10065	10065	19448	-	-	39579
12+18+18	48	9554	15013	15013	-	-	39579
12+18+21	51	9212	14330	16036	-	-	39579
12+18+24	54	9042	14160	16378	-	-	39579
12+21+21	54	8871	15354	15354	-	-	39579
12+21+24	57	8701	15183	15695	-	-	39579
12+24+24	60	8530	15525	15525	-	-	39579
18+18+18	54	13136	13136	13307	-	-	39579
18+18+21	57	12454	12454	14672	-	-	39579
18+18+24	60	12283	12283	15013	-	-	39579
18+21+21	60	12283	13648	13648	-	-	39579
21+21+21	63	13136	13136	13307	-	-	39579
9+9+9+9	36	8871	8871	8871	8871	-	35485
9+9+9+12	39	8189	8189	8189	10918	-	35485
9+9+9+18	45	7848	7848	7848	16036	-	39579
9+9+9+21	48	6995	6995	6995	18595	-	39579
9+9+9+24	51	6824	6824	6824	19107	-	39579
9+9+12+12	42	7165	7165	10577	10577	-	35485
9+9+12+18	48	6824	6824	10577	15354	-	39579
9+9+12+21	51	6142	6142	9895	17401	-	39579
9+9+12+24	54	6312	6312	9554	17572	-	39750
9+9+18+18	54	6483	6483	13307	13307	-	39579
9+9+18+21	57	6483	6483	11771	14842	-	39579
9+9+18+24	60	6142	6142	10407	16889	-	39579
9+9+21+21	60	5800	5800	13989	13989	-	39579
9+12+12+12	45	7848	10577	10577	10577	-	39579
9+12+12+18	51	7165	8701	8701	15013	-	39579
9+12+12+21	54	6483	8018	8018	17060	-	39579
9+12+12+24	57	6483	7933	7933	17231	-	39579
9+12+18+18	57	6483	8189	12454	12454	-	39579
9+12+18+21	58	6483	6824	11771	14501	-	39579
9+12+21+21	62	6142	6824	13307	13307	-	39579
9+18+18+18	63	5800	11260	11260	11260	-	39579

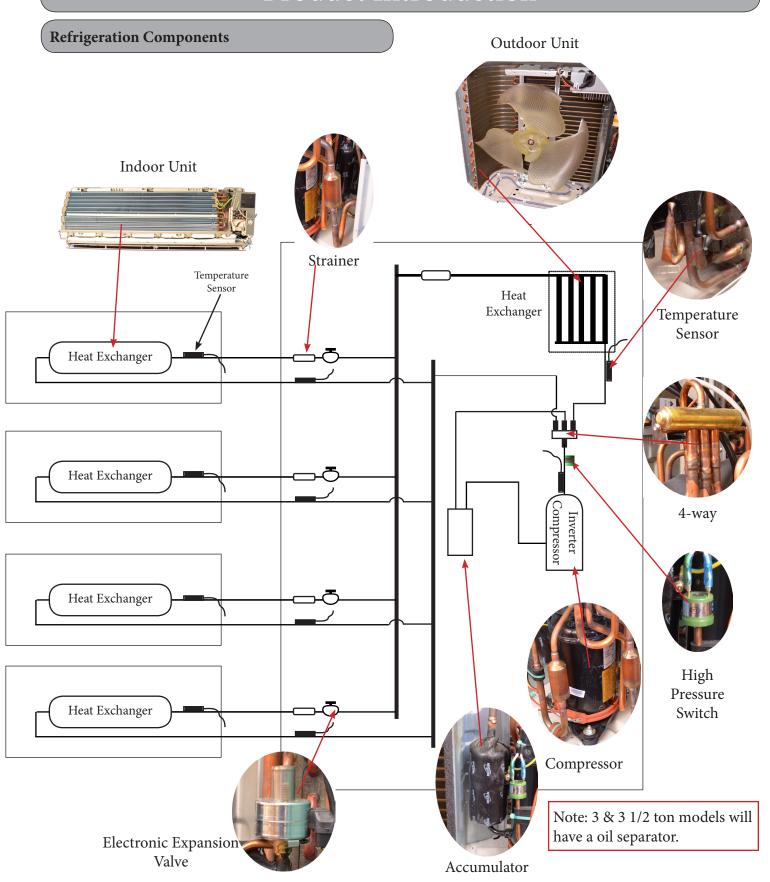
MULTI42HP2	230V1O (5 indo	or units) Cooling	g Performance	Parameters			
Indoor units match	Total Capacity	Room A	Room B	Room C	Room D	Room E	Capacity (W) RATED
12+12+12+12	48	9895	9895	9895	9895	-	39579
12+12+12+18	54	8359	8359	8359	14501	-	39579
12+12+12+21	57	7506	7506	7506	17060	-	39579
12+12+12+24	60	7506	7506	7506	17060	-	39579
12+12+18+18	60	7848	7848	11942	11942	-	39579
12+12+18+21	63	6824	6824	11601	14330	-	39579
9+9+9+9	45	7916	7916	7916	7916	7916	39579
9+9+9+9+12	48	7421	7421	7421	7421	9895	39579
9+9+9+9+18	54	6824	6824	6824	6824	12283	39579
9+9+9+9+21	57	6483	6483	6483	6483	13648	39579
9+9+9+9+24	60	6483	6483	6483	6483	13648	39579
9+9+9+12+12	51	7165	7165	7165	9042	9042	39579
9+9+9+12+18	57	6483	6483	6483	8274	11857	39579
9+9+9+12+21	60	6483	6483	6483	7677	12454	39579
9+9+9+18+18	63	6483	6483	6483	10065	10065	39579
9+9+12+12+12	54	6483	6483	8871	8871	8871	39579
9+9+12+12+18	60	5971	5971	8018	8018	11601	39579
9+9+12+12+21	63	5971	5971	7506	7506	12624	39579

MULTI42HP2	230V1O (2 to 3 in	ndoor units) Coo	oling Performa	ince Paramete:	rs	,	
Indoor units match	Total Capacity	Room A	Room B	Room C	Room D	Room E	Capacity (W) RATED
9+12	21	10663	14928	-	-	-	25590
9+18	27	9383	20899	-	-	-	30282
9+21	30	8530	25590	-	-	-	34120
9+24	33	8530	25590	-	_	-	34120
12+12	24	12795	12795	-	-	-	25590
12+18	30	13222	20899	-	-	-	34120
12+21	33	14928	25590	-	-	-	40518
12+24	36	12795	27723	-	-	-	40518
18+18	36	20260	20260	-	-	-	40521
18+21	39	18340	22178	-	-	-	40518
18+24	42	17487	23458	-	-	-	40944
21+21	42	20260	20260	-	-	<u> </u> -	40521
21+24	45	20046	20472	-	-	1-	40518
24+24	48	20260	20260	-	-	-	40521
9+9+9	27	10236	10236	10236	-	-	30708
9+9+12	30	8745	9171	12795	-	-	30711
9+9+18	36	10024	10024	20472	-	-	40521
9+9+21	39	10451	10451	23458	-	-	44359
9+9+24	42	10236	10236	23884	-	-	44356
9+12+12	33	10663	13222	13222	-	-	37106
9+12+18	39	10663	13648	20046	-	-	44356
9+12+21	42	9810	11942	22605	-	-	44356
9+12+24	45	8929	10871	25239	-	-	45038
9+18+18	45	8155	17084	17084	-	-	42322
9+18+21	48	7766	15920	21356	-	-	45042
9+18+24	51	7766	15531	21741	-	-	45038
9+21+21	51	6988	19025	19025	-	-	45038
9+21+24	54	6793	19025	19220	-	-	45038
9+24+24	57	6599	19220	19220	-	-	45038
12+12+12	36	14716	14716	14928	-	-	44359
12+12+18	42	13648	13648	17060	-	-	44356
12+12+21	45	11649	11649	21741	-	-	45038
12+18+18	48	3240	4320	4320	-		10440
12+18+21	51	1920	3720	4800	-		10440
18+18+18	54	3480	3480	3480	-		10440

MULTI42HP2	230V1O (2 to4 i	ndoor units) Coo	oling Performa	ince Paramete:	rs		
Indoor units match	Total Capacity	Room A	Room B	Room C	Room D	Room E	Capacity (W) RATED
12+12+24	48	11454	11454	22130	-	-	45038
12+18+18	48	10871	17084	17084	-	-	45038
12+18+21	51	10482	16306	18247	-	-	45035
12+18+24	54	10291	16111	18636	-	-	45038
12+21+21	54	10096	17473	17473	-	-	45042
12+21+24	57	9902	17278	17858	-	-	45038
12+24+24	60	9707	17667	17667	-	-	45042
18+18+18	54	14948	14948	15142	-	-	45038
18+18+21	57	14170	14170	16695	-	_	45035
18+18+24	60	13979	13979	17084	-	-	45042
18+21+21	60	13979	15531	15531	-	-	45042
21+21+21	63	14948	14948	15142	-	-	45038
9+9+9+9	36	11089	11089	11089	11089	-	44356
9+9+9+12	39	10236	10236	10236	13648	-	44356
9+9+9+18	45	8929	8929	8929	18247	-	45035
9+9+9+21	48	7960	7960	7960	21161	-	45042
9+9+9+24	51	7766	7766	7766	21741	-	45038
9+9+12+12	42	8957	8957	13222	13222	-	44356
9+9+12+18	48	7766	7766	12038	17473	-	45042
9+9+12+21	51	6988	6988	11260	19800	-	45035
9+9+12+24	54	7182	7182	10871	19994	-	45229
9+9+18+18	54	7377	7377	15142	15142	-	45038
9+9+18+21	57	7377	7377	13396	16889	-	45038
9+9+18+24	60	6988	6988	11843	19220	-	45038
9+9+21+21	60	6599	6599	15920	15920	-	45038
9+12+12+12	45	8929	12038	12038	12038	-	45042
9+12+12+18	51	8155	9902	9902	17084	-	45042
9+12+12+21	54	7377	9124	9124	19414	-	45038
9+12+12+24	57	7377	9028	9028	19609	-	45042
9+12+18+18	57	7377	9318	14170	14170	-	45035
9+12+18+21	58	7377	7766	13396	16500	-	45038
9+12+21+21	62	6988	7766	15142	15142	-	45038
12+12+24	48	10065	10065	19448	-	-	39579
12+18+18	48	9554	15013	15013	-	-	39579
18+18+18	54	3480	3480	3480	-		10440

# Product Combinations and Capacities, cont.

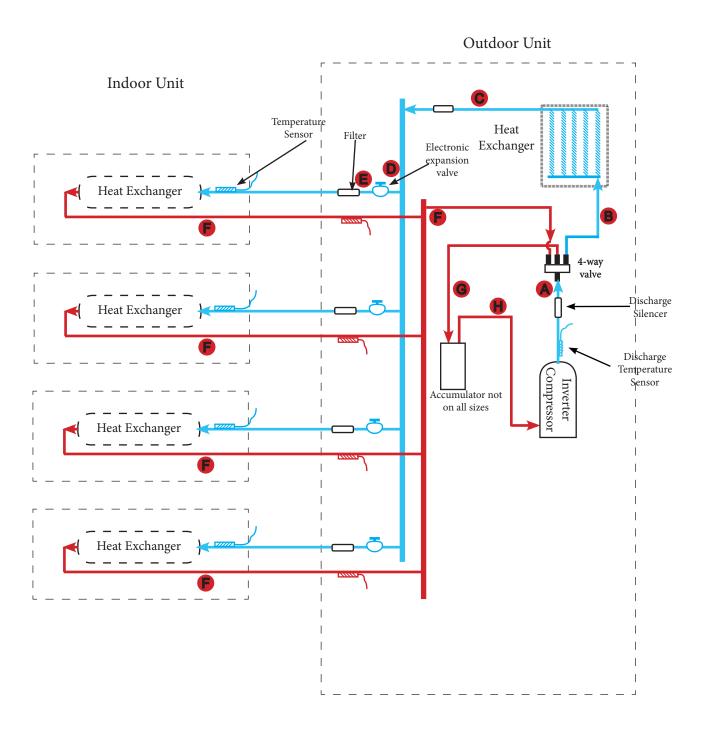
MULTI42HP230	V1O (4 to 5 indo	or units) Cool	ing Performa	ance Paramete	ers		
Indoor units match	Total Capacity	Room A	Room B	Room C	Room D	Room E	Capacity (W) RATED
9+18+18+18	63	6599	12812	12812	12812	-	45035
12+12+12+12	48	11260	11260	11260	11260	-	45038
12+12+12+18	54	9513	9513	9513	16500	-	45038
12+12+12+21	57	8540	8540	8540	19414	-	45035
12+12+12+24	60	8540	8540	8540	19414	-	45035
12+12+18+18	60	8929	8929	13590	13590	-	45038
12+12+18+21	63	7766	7766	13201	16306	-	45038
9+9+9+9	45	9008	9008	9008	9008	9008	45038
9+9+9+9+12	48	8445	8445	8445	8445	11260	45038
9+9+9+9+18	54	7766	7766	7766	7766	13979	45042
9+9+9+9+21	57	7377	7377	7377	7377	15531	45038
9+9+9+9+24	60	7377	7377	7377	7377	15531	45038
9+9+9+12+12	51	8155	8155	8155	10291	10291	45045
9+9+9+12+18	57	7377	7377	7377	9414	13491	45035
9+9+9+12+21	60	7377	7377	7377	8735	14170	45035
9+9+9+18+18	63	7377	7377	7377	11454	11454	45038
9+9+12+12+12	54	7377	7377	10096	10096	10096	45042
9+9+12+12+18	60	6793	6793	9124	9124	13201	45035
9+9+12+12+21	63	6793	6793	8540	8540	14365	45032
9+12+12+12+12	57	7377	9414	9414	9414	9414	45032
9+12+12+12+18	63	6988	8639	8639	8639	12133	45038
12+12+12+12+12	60	9008	9008	9008	9008	9008	45038



Note:

Component locations may vary depending on models.

### **Cooling Mode**

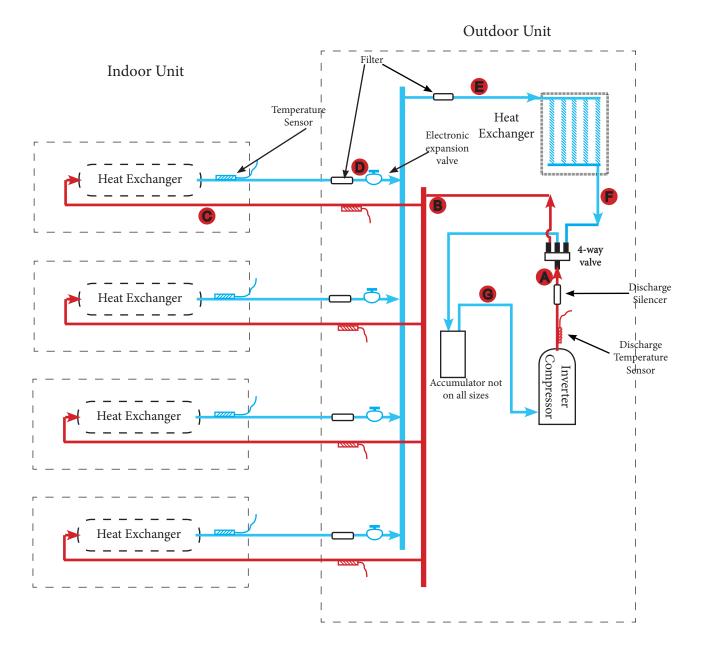


### **Cooling Mode**

- A. Hot gas is discharged from the compressor. The temperature of the gas in monitored by the Discharge Temperature sensor and sent to the outdoor control panel.
- B. The hot gas is directed through the 4-way valve, then enters the outdoor coil. The hot gas will be slightly subcooled, however there are no pressure ports to take measurements.
- C. The subcooled liquid will enter the filter to remove contaminates.
- D. The subcooled liquid will enter the Electronic Expansion Valve (EEV) to the appropriate indoor unit and will regulate to about a 10 degree F superheat level. The EEV will adjust its flow based upon the temperature sensor readings. The adjustment process and compressor speed are controlled by the outdoor circuit board.
- E. The refrigerant leaving the EEV will be in a low pressure/temperature saturated state. This cold saturated refrigerant will move through the coil absorbing heat. This liquid will flash to a vapor and will be superheated to about 10 degrees F. Since this tubing is cold, it must be insulated.
- F. The superheated vapor will be returned to the outdoor unit's 4-way valve.
- G. The refrigerant will flow to the accumulator (not all models will have an accumulator) where liquid and vapor are separated.
- H. The refrigerant will flow to the compressor and complete another refrigeration cycle.

The control board will monitor the temperature and pressures and adjust the frequency of the compressor and flow rate of the EEV as needed. There are no pressure charts to evaluate temperature or pressures.

### **Heating Mode**



### **Heating Mode**

- A. Hot gas is discharged from the compressor. The temperature of the gas in monitored by the Discharge Temperature sensor and sent to the outdoor control panel.
- B. The hot gas is directed through the 4-way valve to the appropriate indoor coil making the line a hot gas line.
- C. The hot gas will enter the indoor coil and condense to a saturated mix as it travel through the coil and will be slightly subcooled.
- D. The refrigerant returns to the outdoor unit through the filter, then trough the EEV reducing the refrigerant to a low pressure liquid and will maintain 10 degrees F of superheat.
- E. The cold refrigerant will travel through the outdoor coil (evaporator) and will pickup heat from the outdoor air. This will cause the cold saturated refrigerant to flash to a saturated mixture which will be superheated to 10 degrees F.
- F. The superheated vapor will travel through the 4-way valve to the accumulator which will prevent liquid floodback.
- G. The superheated gas will enter the compressor for another refrigeration cycle.

The control board will monitor the temperature and pressures and adjust the frequency of the compressor and flow rate of the EEV as needed. There are no pressure charts to evaluate temperature or pressures.

### **Indoor Unit Components**

Evo+ 12,000 btuh model

Other Evo+ models may very slightly.





Indoor Circuit Board



Fan Motor



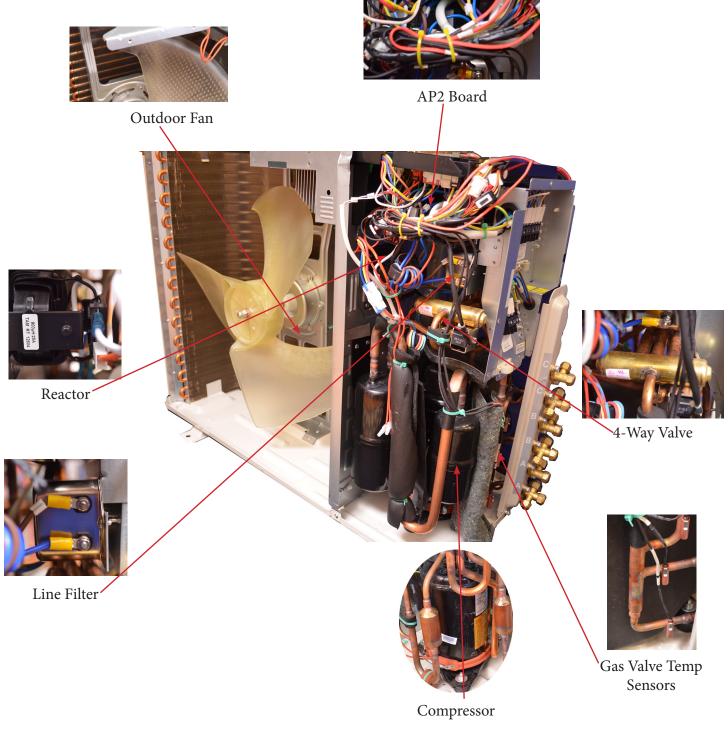
Indoor Tube Thermistor



ng Motor — Temperatu Sensor

### **Outdoor Unit Components**

+MULTI 24,000 btuh Outdoor Unit Other +MULTI models may very slightly.



Note;

Component locations may vary depending on models.

### **Outdoor Unit Components**



AP1 Board



Outdoor Air
—Sensor



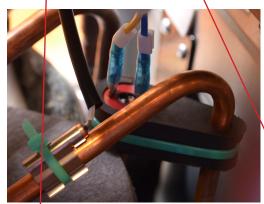
Electronic Expansion Valve



Outtube Sensor



Liquid Valve Temperature Sensors



Discharge Temperature Sensor



#### **Basic Functions**

The compressor should stay off for at least 3 minutes before starting the unit. The compressor circuit has a 3 minute delay if the compressor is de-energized during a run cycle. If the compressor starts from a de-energized cycle, there will be no time delay. The compressor has a minimum runtime of 6 minutes regardless of room temperature.

### 1) Cooling Mode

### **Cooling Process**

When the indoor ambient rises  $2^{\circ}$  F above the preset temperature from a stopped state, the unit will start the cooling cycle. The outdoor fan and compressor will start. The indoor fan will run continuously at the selected speed. The outdoor unit will monitor the appropriate temperatures and pressure and adjust the compressor speed and the EEV as required. If the indoor ambient is  $> 2^{\circ}$  F then the preset temperature, the compressor will increase the frequency;  $< 2^{\circ}$  F the compressor will begin reducing the frequency. The EEV will be closed on indoor units with no cooling requirement. The G10 technology will control compressor speed based on indoor load and compressor amperage. When the indoor temperature is satisfied, the compressor will stop, then 60 seconds later the outdoor fan will stop. When the cooling mode transfers to heating mode, the 4-way valve will be energized after a two minute compressor delay.

#### **Evaporator Freeze Protection**

The software will monitor the indoor evaporator coil form freezing.

The following will occur 6 minutes after the compressor has been operating in the cooling or dry mode: If the evaporator temperature drops below  $36^{\circ}$  F, the compressor will operate at a reduced frequency. If the evaporator is below  $30^{\circ}$  F for 3 minutes, the compressor will stop, 30 seconds later the outdoor fan will stop. In cooling mode, the indoor fan and swing motor will remain on. If the evaporator temperature is  $>= 50^{\circ}$  F and the compressor is off for at least 3 minutes, the compressor will resume its normal operation state.

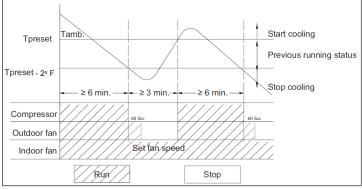
#### **Overcurrent Protection**

The software will monitor the compressor current to maintain it in a safety and reliable operating range. If the total current is greater than the rating, the compressor will stop, the outdoor fan will continue to run for 60 seconds, then stop.

### 2) Dry Mode

### **Drying Process**

This feature will not take the place of a dehumidifier, it is intended to dry the filter and slightly cool the air. If the indoor ambient temperature is greater than the preset temperature, the unit will enter the cooling and drying mode, in which case the compressor will operate and the indoor fan will run at a low speed. When the indoor ambient temperature is at or below the preset temperature, the unit will operate in it previous running state. When the indoor ambient drops to more than 2° F below the preset temperature the compressor will stop running, then 30 seconds later the outdoor fan will stop, the indoor fan will run at low speed.



**Basic Functions** 

### 3) Heating Mode

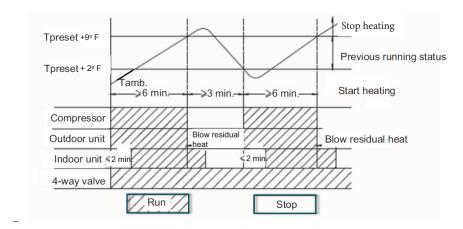
### **Heating Process**

When the indoor ambient drops  $2^{\circ}$  F below the preset temperature, the unit will start the heating cycle. The outdoor fan, compressor and 4-way valve will operate. The indoor fan will operate in the "Cold Air Prevention" mode in which the indoor fan will have a 2 minute delay after the call for heating. The indoor evaporator coil temperature must reach  $104^{\circ}$  F before the indoor fan will start, this will prevent cold air from discharging from the indoor coil. When the indoor evaporator coil temperature is >  $104^{\circ}$  F, the indoor fan will operate at low speed for 1 minute. With 1 minute of operation or 2 minutes of no fan operation and the indoor evaporator coil temperature is >  $108^{\circ}$  F, the indoor fan will operate at its preset condition.

If the indoor ambient temperature is  $< 9^{\circ}$  F and  $> 2^{\circ}$  F of the preset temperature, the unit will run in its original mode of operation.

If the compressor is running and the mode is changed from heating to cooling, the compressor will stop, the 4-way valve will be de-energized 2 minutes later, the outdoor fan will stop after a 1 minute delay.

If the indoor ambient temperature is  $>= 9^{\circ}$  F than the preset temperature, the compressor will stop and the outdoor fan will stop after a 60 second delay. The indoor fan will continue to operate at its preset mode. The G10 technology will determine compressor frequency based on ambient temperatures.



#### **Basic Functions**

#### **Defrost Process**

You may force a defrost in heat mode by pressing the "+" and "-" buttons alternately three times within 5 seconds.

- 1) The unit will enter defrost when the following conditions are met:
  - A. Outdoor ambient <= 41° F
  - B. Compressor had accumulated more than 3 hours of operation in heating mode
  - C. The outdoor coil  $\leq 32^{\circ}$  F

Note: The compressor runtime will be cleared when the outdoor ambient is  $> 41^{\circ}$  F or when the compressor has started up after changing to cooling or drying mode and defrost has finished. The runtime will not be cleared when the unit has stopped after reaching the setpoint temperature, a protection fault or changing to fan mode.

There are 3 perimeters used in the defrost algorithms, Outdoor ambient ( $T_{outdoor}$  ambient), Outdoor tube ( $T_{outdoor}$  tube) and a calculated  $T_{compensation}$ 

T<sub>compensation</sub> is calculated by the following:

- D. After power-up, for the first defrost  $T_{compensation} = 32^{\circ} F$
- E.  $T_{outdoor}$  tube > 36° F then  $T_{compensation} = 32°$  F
- F.  $T_{outdoor}$ tube <= 36° F then  $T_{compensation} = 37°$  F
- 2) When heating has operated continuously for 45 minutes, or accumulated for 90 minutes, the unit will enter defrost mode in 3 minutes after meeting any of the conditions below:
  - A. Outdoor ambient >= 41° F and outdoor coil <= 28° F
  - B.  $28^{\circ}$  F <=  $T_{outdoor}$  ambient<  $41^{\circ}$  F,  $T_{outdoor}$  tube <=  $21^{\circ}$  F
  - C. 23° F  $\leq$  T<sub>outdoor</sub>ambient  $\leq$  28° F  $\leq$  T<sub>outdoor</sub>tube  $\leq$  18° F
  - D. 14° F <= T<sub>outdoor</sub>ambient < 23° F, T<sub>outdoor</sub>tube -T<sub>compensation</sub> <= (T<sub>outdoor</sub>ambient 37° F)
- 3) During defrost, if run time for the compressor does not reach 3 minutes, the defrost cycle will not start for the next 2 hours. At that time the compressor stops operation and 30 seconds later the outdoor fan will stop. 30 seconds after this the 4-way reversing valves will de-energized. Following another 30 second delay, the compressor will increase its compressor speed for defrosting. Defrosting will last for 450 seconds or until the  $T_{outdoor}$ tube  $>= 50^{\circ}$  F, at this temperature the compressor will decrease it compressor speed for 30 seconds, then will stop. In another 30 seconds the 4-way valve will energize, the 60 seconds later the compressor and outdoor fan will start. The compressor speed for defrosting will be 85hz. During Defrost mode, a "H1" will be displayed on the indoor front panel display indicating the user selected mode has been overridden and the system is performing a outdoor coil defrost operation.

#### 4) Defrost Sequence:

When a defrost condition has been met, the compressor will stop, all expansions valves will open fully, the outdoor fan will stop 40 seconds after the compressor stops. The 4-way valve will reverse direction (cooling mode), then the compressor will start and enter the defrost frequency. The control, board along with ambient sensors will calculate defrost time.

#### 5) Oil Return:

Oil return condition can be met if the unit operates at a low frequency for an extended time. The indoor display will indicate "H1" for this condition and is a normal procedure.

### **Basic Functions**

### **Cold Air Prevention (Heating mode with compressor running)**

The system guards against discharging cold air in heating mode. It will delay the indoor fan until the evaporator coil has warmed up to discharge warm, comfortable air into the room.

- 1) When the  $T_{indoor}$ ambient < 75° F and the  $T_{indoor}$ tube <= 104° F with the fan in a stopped state, the indoor fan will begin to run at low speed after a 2 minute delay. This will reduce cold air upon heating startup. Within 2 minutes, if  $T_{indoor}$ tube > 104° F, the indoor fan will run at low speed. After 1 minute of operation, the fan will run at the preset fan mode. Within 1 minute of low speed operation or 2 minutes of no fan operation, with the  $T_{indoor}$ tube > 108° F, the fan will run at the preset mode.
- 2) If the  $T_{indoor}$  ambient >= 75° F and the  $T_{indoor}$  tube <= 108° F the indoor fan will run at low speed for 1 minute than run at the preset mode. After 1 minute of low speed operation, if the and the  $T_{indoor}$  tube > 108° F the fan will operate at its preset mode.

#### Note:

The T<sub>indoor</sub>ambient in 1 & 2 above refers to the unit going into the heating mode coming out of defrost.

### **Overcurrent and Speed Protection** (Total Current = I<sub>total</sub>)

The software will monitor the compressor current draw and adjust the compressor speed in order to maintain the inverter and compressor in a safety and reliable operating range.

- A. If  $I_{total} \le 6$ , an increase in frequency will be allowed
- B. If  $I_{total} >= 7$ , increasing the frequency is not allowed.
- C. If  $I_{total} >= 8$ , the compressor will decrease its frequency
- D. If  $I_{total} >= 9$ , the compressor will stop and the indoor fan will stop after 30 seconds.

### 4)Fan Mode

Under this mode, the fan will run at the preset speed and the outdoor fan, compressor and 4-way valve will stop.

### 5) Auto Mode

#### **Auto Mode Process**

Setting the auto mode will run the unit in heat or cool automatically depending on T<sub>indoor</sub>ambient

- 1)Operating Parameters
  - A. If the  $T_{indoor}$  ambient  $\geq 79^{\circ}$  F the unit will operate in cooling mode. The set temperature is 77° F.
  - B. If the  $T_{indoor}$  ambient  $\leq 72^{\circ}$  F the unit will operate in heat mode. The set temperature is 68° F.
  - C. When the  $T_{indoor}$ ambient  $\leq 73^{\circ}$  F and  $\geq 77^{\circ}$  F, the unit will operate in the previous state. If it is energized for the first time, it will run in Fan mode
  - D. In auto mode, the cooling frequency will be the same as the cooling only mode and the heating frequency will be the same as the heating only mode.
- 2) Protection
  - A. In cooling operation, protection is the same as the cooling only mode
  - B. In heating operation, protection is the same as the heating only mode
  - C. When the indoor ambient temperature changes, the operation mode will be automatically selected. Once started the compressor will have a 6 minute runtime.

### **Protection Functions**

### **Common Protection Functions and Fault Displays**

#### **Coil High Temperature Protection**

T<sub>tube</sub> = measured temperature of outdoor coil in cooling mode, measured temperature of indoor coil in heating mode.

- 1) **Outdoor Coil High Temperature Protection** *In cooling mode the software will monitor the outdoor coil for an abnormal high temperature condition.* 
  - A. If  $T_{\text{tube}} \le 126^{\circ}$  F, the unit will return to its original operation state
  - B. If  $T_{\text{tube}} >= 131^{\circ}$  F, frequency rise is not allowed
  - C. If  $T_{\text{tube}} >= 136^{\circ}$  F, the compressor will run at reduced frequency
  - D. If  $T_{\text{tube}} >= 144^{\circ}$  F, the compressor will stop and the indoor fan will operate at preset speed
- **2) Indoor Coil Temperature Protection** *In heating mode the software will monitor the indoor coil for an abnormal high temperature condition.* 
  - A. If  $T_{\text{tube}} \le 122^{\circ}$  F, the unit will return to its original operation state
  - B. If  $T_{\text{tube}} >= 127^{\circ}$  F, frequency rise is not allowed
  - C. If  $T_{tube} >= 133^{\circ}$  F, the compressor will run at reduced frequency
  - D. If  $T_{\text{tube}} >= 140^{\circ}$  F, the compressor will stop and the indoor fan will blow residual heat and then stop

#### 3) Compressor Discharge Temperature Protection

The software will monitor the compressor discharge for an abnormal high temperature condition.

- A. If  $T_{\text{tube}} >= 208^{\circ}$  F, frequency rise is not allowed
- B. If  $T_{tube} >= 217^{\circ}$  F, the compressor will run at reduced frequency
- C. If  $T_{\text{tube}} >= 230^{\circ}$  F, the compressor will stop
- D. If  $T_{\text{tube}} \le 194^{\circ}$  F and the compressor has been off for at least 3 minutes, the compressor will resume operation

#### 4) Compressor High Pressure Protection

When the high pressure switch is detected for 6 seconds or more, the compressor will stop and can only be started by powering off the unit. Dirty coils, refrigerant overcharge and outdoor fan problems can cause this fault.

#### 5) Compressor Phase-lacking Protection

If one of the compressor phases are detected open before startup, the compressor will enter phase-locking protection. The malfunction will be cleared after 1 min, then the unit will try a restart. If an error has been detected for 6 times continuously, the compressor will lock out and will need to have power cycled. The errors will be cleared after the compressor has run for 7 minutes continuously.

### 6) Module Protection (IPM)

Under module protection mode, the compressor will stop. When the compressor remains off for 3 minutes, the compressor will resume operation. If the module protection occurs six time in succession, the compressor will remain off. Power will need to be cycled to start unit. This is a thermal protection for the indoor module.

#### 7) DC Buss Voltage Protection

The software will monitor the DC bus voltage.

If voltage on the DC Bus is below 150 or over 420v, the compressor will stop and the outdoor fan will stop in 30 seconds. When the voltage on the DC bus returns to normal and the compressor has been off for 3 minutes, the compressor will resume its operation.

### **Protection Functions**

### 8) Mode Conflict Protection of Indoor Unit

The first indoor unit calling for a comfort mode (heating or cooling) will be the basic call. If another indoor unit calls for the opposing comfort mode, the first unit will be satisfied before switching to another mode.

### 9) Communication Fault

If the unit fails to receive correct signals for a 3 minutes, communication fault will occur and the whole system will stop and a "E6" will be displayed on the front panel of the indoor unit.

## Remote Control Operation

**Remote Buttons** 



#### Note:

This remote control is used in other models and some features may or may not be available. Consult the owners manual for specific features for your model. There should be no obstructions between the remote control and the indoor unit for proper operation. Keep the remote from direct sunlight or any source that generates heat, keep clean and dry. Change batteries frequently.

#### Note:

For detailed explanation of the functions, refer to the "Other Controls" section of this manual for your model.

#### **Button Identification**

The function and operation of each button will be explained later in this manual under Product Functions.

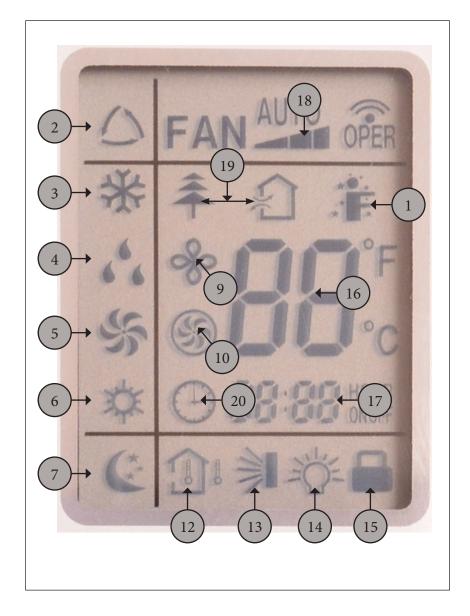
- 1. On/Off button
- 2. Lower Temperature Setting
- 3. Raise Temperature Setting
- 4. Fan Button
- 5. Mode Button
- 6. IFeel Button, Senses ambient temperature at remote control location.
- 7. Function Not Available
- 8. Function Not Available
- 9. Clock Button
- 10. X-Fan Button
- 11. Turbo Fan Button
- 12. Timer On Button
- 13. Temp Button
- 14. Sleep Button
- 15. Swing Angle Button
- 16. Timer Off Button
- 17. Light Button

Press 9 & 10 for Energy Saving Mode Press - & + to lock control

## Remote Control Operation

### **Display Icons**

- 1. IFeel
- 2. Auto Mode
- 3. Cool Mode
- 4. Dry Mode
- 5. Fan Mode
- 6. Heat Mode
- 7. Sleep Mode
- 8. Quiet Mode
- 9. X-Fan Mode
- 10. Turbo Mode
- 11. Timer On
- 12. Temperature Setting Display
- 13. Swing Display
- 14. Light Display
- 15. Lock Display
- 16. Digital Display
- 17. Set Time Display
- 18. Fan Speed Display
- 19. Not Used
- 20. Clock Icon



### **Replacing Batteries:**

- 1. Locate the battery cover on the back of the remote.
- 2. Remove the small screw at the bottom of the cover.
- 3. Slide the cover downward.
- 4. Replace with two "AAA" batteries.
- 5. Replace cover and screw.



## **Product Introduction**

#### **Remote Control Functions**

#### 1)On/Off

The on-off state will change with each button press.

#### 2) Lower Temperature Setting

Each time you press the "TEMP-" button the temperature setting will decrease by 1° F. The temperature range is 61° F - 86° F. In Auto Mode this button will not function.

#### 3) Raise Temperature Setting

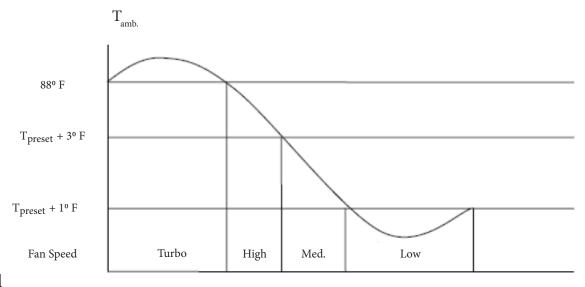
Each time you press the "TEMP+" button the temperature setting will raise by 1° F. The temperature range is 61° F - 86° F. In Auto Mode this button will not function.

#### 4)Fan Switch

The fan switch will adjust the fan speed between Auto, Low, Medium and High.

#### 5) Mode Selection

Press the "Mode" button to change from Auto, Cool, Dry, Fan or Heat Pump



#### 6) IFeel

IFeel button senses the room temperature surrounding the remote every 10 minutes, adjusting the airflow and indoor temperature for maximum comfort and energy savings.

### 7) Function Not Used

### 8) Function Not Used

### 9) Clock

Press once to set clock. 24-hour format, use the "+" or "-" button to increase or decrease the time.

## **Product Introduction**

#### **Remote Control Functions**

#### 10) X-Fan

Allows fan to run after cooling cycle to dry off the coil and inhibit the growth of bacteria and mildew. Works with "Auto" mode.

#### 11) Turbo Fan

Boost the cooling or heating airflow, allowing the unit to reach the preset temperature in the shortest amount of time.

#### 12) Timer On Button

Press the "Timer-On" button once to set mode on time, press again to save setting. Holding the "+" or "-" button down will rapidly change the time in 10 minute intervals.

#### 13) Temp Button

Toggles the display between set temperature, indoor temperature and outdoor temperature.

#### 14) Sleep Button

Sets sleep mode function, see owners manual for specific model information

### 15) Swing Angle Button

Controls the angle of the louvers for the convenient adjustment of airflow

### 16) Timer Off Button

Press the "Timer-Off" button once to set mode off time, press again to save setting. Holding the "+" or "-" button down will rapidly change the time in 10 minute intervals.

### 17) Light Button

Turns the light on the indoor display on and off.

### 18) Auto Button (Manual Override) - Located on indoor unit.

In the event the controller is missed placed or the batteries are defective, this will override the remote controller. If the controller is on, pressing this button will stop it, if it is off, pressing the button will turn the controller on. When turning the controller on, the swing and light will be on and the unit will run in Auto Mode.



## Refrigerant Lines Connection, Evacuating and Charging

# Refrigerant Lines Preparation & Connection

The refrigerant lines should be kept sealed until ready to be connected. Follow the following steps to insure a quality leak proof installation:

#### **Step 1. Refrigerant Line Connection**

Carefully bend and cut the tubing to prepare for flaring. Use a flaring tool designed for R410a, following the recommended manufacturer's procedure. Tighten the flare nut to the indicated torque by using a spanner wrench and a toque wrench. Connect the indoor unit first, then the outdoor unit.

Use the 3/8" to 1/2" flare adapter if needed.

#### Note:

Over tightening flare nuts may damage flare connections and may cause leaks.

Tubing Size	Torque (foot-pounds)	Torque (inch-pounds)
1/4"	10-13	124-159
3/8"	25-31	301-372
1/2"	36-45	434-540
5/8"	50-60	602-726

#### Step 2. System Leak Check

Refrigerant lines should be pressurized prior to evacuating system to check for leaks.

Use only dry nitrogen with a pressure regulator for pressurizing unit. Pressurize with 150 psi of dry nitrogen. Apply soap and water to check whether the joints are leaky. A leak detector may also be used for a leakage test.

#### Hint:

You may want to perform leak testing and evacuation before wiring to save time, electrical connections can be completed while your vacuum pump is running.

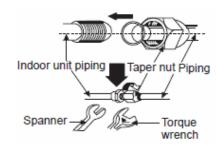
#### Step 3. System Evacuation

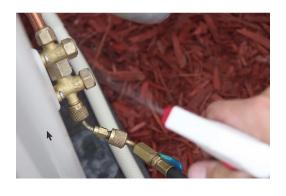
Note: The outdoor unit contains a refrigerant charge, leave liquid and gas valves closed.

- 1. After no leaks have been detected, connect a vacuum pump to the outdoor unit.
- 2. Connect appropriate hoses to manifold gauge, vacuum pump and unit refrigeration connections.
- 3. Evacuate the system until the micron gauge reads no higher than 350 microns.
- Close valve to vacuum pump; if pressure does not rise above 500 microns after one minute, the evacuation should be complete.
- 5. If it does rise, check for leaks and/or evacuate longer.
- For refrigerant lines longer than 25 feet, refer to installation instructions chart included with the unit installation manual for additional charge.











## Refrigerant Charging Procedure

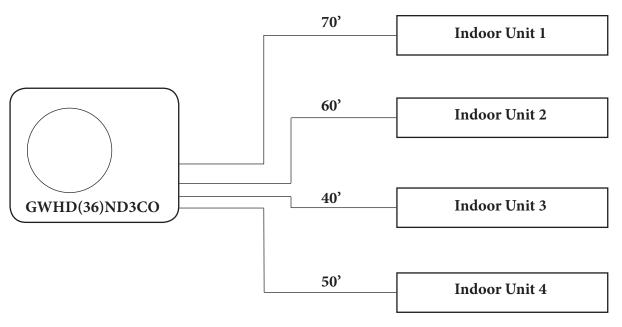
Please refer to your units installation manual for proper charge. If your lineset exceeds the chart below for your model, additional charge may be required. The charge must we weighed in with a refrigerant charging scale. You can only add additional refrigerant to a new installation. If a low or high charge is suspected, you must reclaim the refrigerant, then weigh in the correct amount per specifications including any additional for long linesets. It is important to check for leaks before adding refrigerant.

### 1. Determine addition refrigerant charge.

The +MULTI multi zone units contain a factory charge adequate for up to a total length of refrigerant line as indicated in the chart below. Additional refrigerant will need to be added for total lengths over the listed length.

Confirm the following chart with your installation manual for additional charge amounts:

	GWHD(18) ND3CO	GWHD(24) ND3CO	GWHD(30) ND3CO	GWHD(36) ND3CO	GWHD(42) ND3CO
Additional Charge	0.2 oz./ft.				
Max Length without Additional Charge	33ft	98 ft	131 ft	131 ft	164 ft
Factory Charge	48 oz.	78 oz.	78 oz.	102 oz.	169 oz.



### **Example:**

Model GWHD(36)ND3CO

70 ft. + 60 ft. + 40 ft. + 50 ft. = 220 ft. Total Line Length

220 ft. - 131 ft. = 89 ft. Additional Line Length

89 ft.  $\times$  0.2 oz = 17.8 ounces of additional charge

Record the amount of additional charge for future reference.

## Refrigerant Charging Procedure

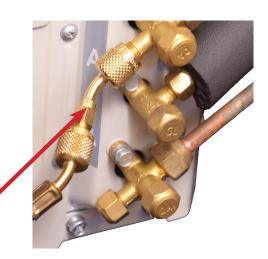
#### 2. Leak Testing

Follow the procedures for leak testing with nitrogen prior to adding charge on a new installation or existing one suspected for leaks. See preceding page.

#### 3. Attach hoses to the unit and vacuum pump

5/16" x 1/4" adapter may be required to connect hose to port.

Check to insure that the liquid and gas valves are closed on the unit. Close all valves on your gauge set, then connect the vacuum pump to your gauge set. Pump down lineset and indoor unit. This step will be repeated for all zones.





### 4. Zero charging scale

Place the refrigerant tank on the charging scale. Open the tank valve, turn on the scale, then zero the scale.



## Refrigerant Charging Procedure, cont.

#### 5. Begin adding additional refrigerant

Charging should be completed with the unit off (not running) and through the liquid side with liquid refrigerant. If there are no ports on the liquid side, use the gas side port connection, charging with liquid. Record the amount of additional charge for future reference.



#### 6. Charge to the correct weight

If the scale was zeroed with the refrigerant tank on the scale, the amount added to the system will be a negative amount since it was removed from the tank. After the proper amount of refrigerant has been weighed in, close the manifold valve.



### 7. Remove refrigerant tank

Close the tank valve, then carefully remove the hose and adapter. Replace the charging port cap back on the outdoor unit valves. On new installations, open all liquid and vapor service valves.



Proper installation site is vital for correct and efficient operation of the unit. Avoid the following sites where:

- Strong heat sources, vapors, flammable gas or volatile liquids are emitted.
- High-frequency electro-magnetic waves are generated by radio equipment, welders and medical equipment.
- The air is contaminated with industrial vapors and oils.
- The air contains sulfurous gas such as in hot spring zones.
- Poor air quality exists.

#### **Indoor Unit**



The air inlet and outlet should be away from any obstructions. Ensure the air will easily circulate through the entire room.

- 1. Select a site where the condensate can be easily routed or consider a condensate removal pump.
- 2. Select a place where it is out of reach of children.
- 3. Select a place that has adequate mounting structure, strong enough to withstand the full weight and vibration of the unit.
- 4. Be sure to leave enough space to allow access for routine maintenance. Refer to unit installation specifications for clearances. Select a place more than 3 feet away from any TV or other electrical appliances

#### **Outdoor Unit**



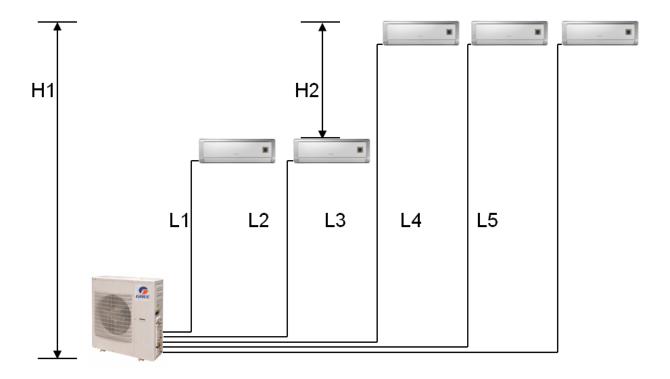
- 1. Select a suitable site where proper drainage will occur.
- 2. Select a site where there is sufficient ventilation.
- 3. Select a site where there is no obstruction blocking the inlet and outlet.
- 4. The site should be able to withstand the full weight of the unit.
- 5. Try to limit expose to direct sunlight or strong winds.
- 6. Make sure that the outdoor unit is installed in accordance with the installations instructions, and is convenient for maintenance and repair.
- 7. Refer to your outdoor unit installation manual for maximum lineset lengths and heights. This could be a factor in determining outdoor location.
- 8. Select a place where it is out of reach of children.
- 9. Install Heat Pump legs to allow for proper drainage.
- 10. Install drain fitting in bottom of outdoor unit





### **Lineset Limitations**

Use this information for as guide only, please refer to the installation manual for your model.



Model	Total Line Length (TTL)	Max Line Run (TEL)	Max Height (Outdoor to Indoor H1)	Max Height (Indoor to Indoor H2)
MULTI18HP230V1O	66	33	16	16
MULTI24HP230V1O	230	66	33	25
MULTI30HP230V1O	230	66	33	25
MULTI36HP230V1O	230	82	50	25
MULTI42HP230V1O	262	82	50	25

#### **Mounting Plate Installation**

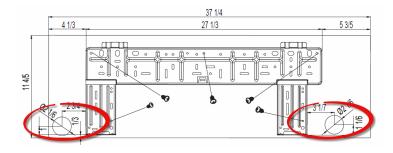


- 1. The mounting plate should be installed horizontally and level.
- 2. Measure the center of the indoor unit. Please note, that depending on model, the center of the bracket may not correspond with the center of the unit.
- 3. Attach the mounting plate on the wall with screws.
- 4. Be sure that the mounting plate has been attached firmly enough to withstand approximately 132 pounds.
- 5. Refer to specific models for dimensional data.

### Locate and Drill Hole

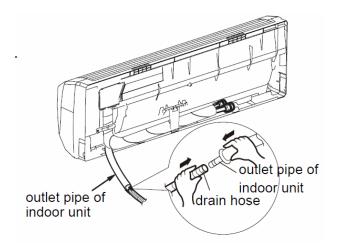


- 1. The piping can exit the indoor unit from either side, see pictured below.
- 2. Drill a 2-1/2" diameter hole at a slightly downward angle to the outdoor side.
- 3. Note: The outdoor hole should be approximately 1/4" lower than the indoor hole.
- 4. Insert the piping-hole sleeve into the hole to prevent the piping and wiring from being damaged when passing through the hole.

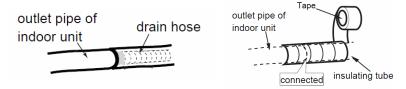




### **Install Drain Hose**



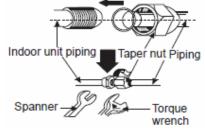
- 1. Connect the drain hose to the outlet pipe of the indoor unit using appropriate connections.
- 2. Insulate the condensate to prevent condensation.
- 3. Fasten the condensate, lineset and wring together to prevent damage and movement. Slant the drain hose downward for smooth drainage.



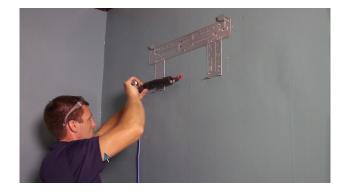
### **Install Line Set**



- 1. Install lineset and wiring from the outside through the wall sleeve.
- 2. Bend the indoor lineset. Note: a tube bender will speed up the process.
- 3. Carefully remove flare nut from indoor coil. Listen for holding charge from indoor unit. No charge may indicate a leak and should be tested.
- 4. Use a flaring tool if necessary to create the flare, connect tubing tightening to the torque listed below.



Tubing Size	Torque (foot-pounds)	Torque (inch-pounds)
1/4"	10-13	124-159
3/8"	25-31	301-372
1/2"	36-45	434-540
5/8"	50-60	602-726





#### Pressure and Leak Test





- 1. Use only dry nitrogen with a pressure regulator for pressurizing unit. Pressurize with 150 psi of dry nitrogen.
- 2. Apply soap and water to check whether the joints are leaky. A leak detector can also be applied for a leakage test.

Hint: You may want to perform leak testing and evacuation before wiring to save time, electrical connections can be completed while your vacuum pump is running.

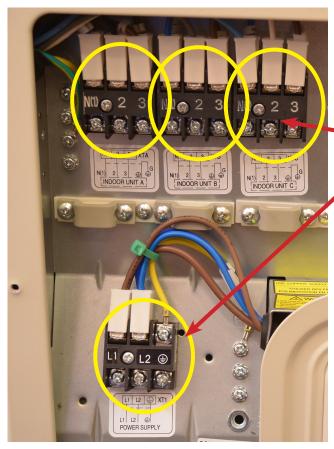
### **Evacuating the System**



Note: The outdoor unit contains a refrigerant charge, leave liquid and gas valves closed.

- 1. After no leaks have been detected, connect a vacuum pump to the outdoor unit.
- 2. Connect appropriate hoses to manifold gauge, vacuum pump and unit refrigeration connections.
- 3. Evacuate the system until the micron gauge reads no higher than 350 microns.
- 4. Close valve to vacuum pump; if pressure does not rise above 500 microns after one minute, the evacuation should be complete.
- 5. If it does rise, check for leaks and/or evacuate longer.
- 6. For refrigerant lines longer than 25 feet, refer to installation instructions chart—included with the unit installation manual for additional charge.

### **Connect the Outdoor Wiring**



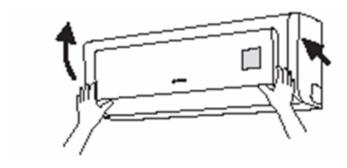
3 Zone system shown.

- 1. Remove the handle on the right side plate of the outdoor unit.
- 2. Connect wiring from indoor unit to 1,2,3 & ground, being careful to match color code of indoor connections. Repeat this for each indoor unit.
- 3. Connect power wiring form outdoor disconnect to L1, L2 and ground.
- 4. Check all connections to tightness.
- 5. Reinstall the cover/handle.

Note: Follow all local electrical codes for electrical wiring.

## Filter Maintenance and Emergency Operation

### **Cleaning Air Filter**





Titanium Dioxide filter (2nd Stage Filter)

- 1. Remove the front panel as shown on the picture in the left.
- 2. The first stage filter can be cleaned with a vacuum cleaner or by washing with a mild soap and < 113° F water.
- 3. The second stage filter cannot be washed, use a vacuum cleaner to clean any dust, lint, etc. The filter is made up of Titanium Dioxide.
- 4. Recharge the Titanium Dioxide filter by placing it in the Sun for 3-4 hours every 3-6 months.





### **Missing or Inoperative Remote Control**





#### **Emergency Operation:**

When the remote controller is lost or damaged, please use the auto switch on the indoor unit.

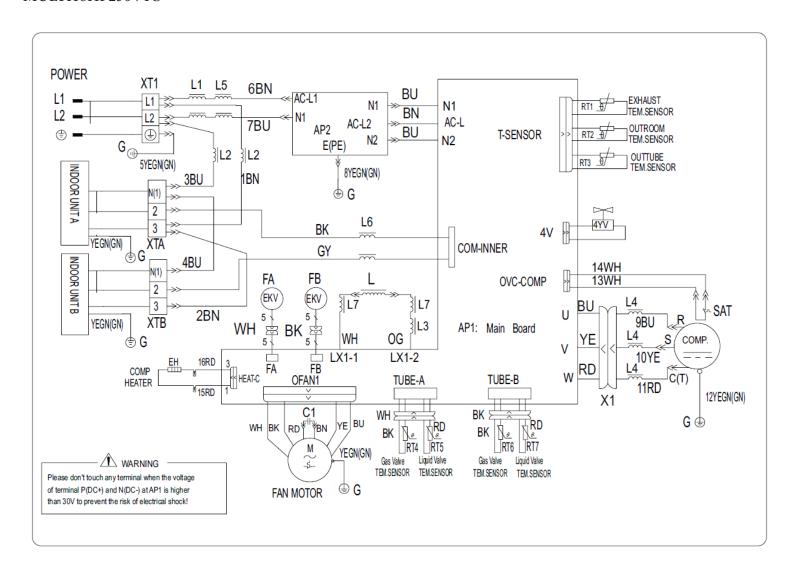
Press the AUTO/STOP button to enter AUTO mode.

Press the AUTO/STOP button again to turn the unit off.

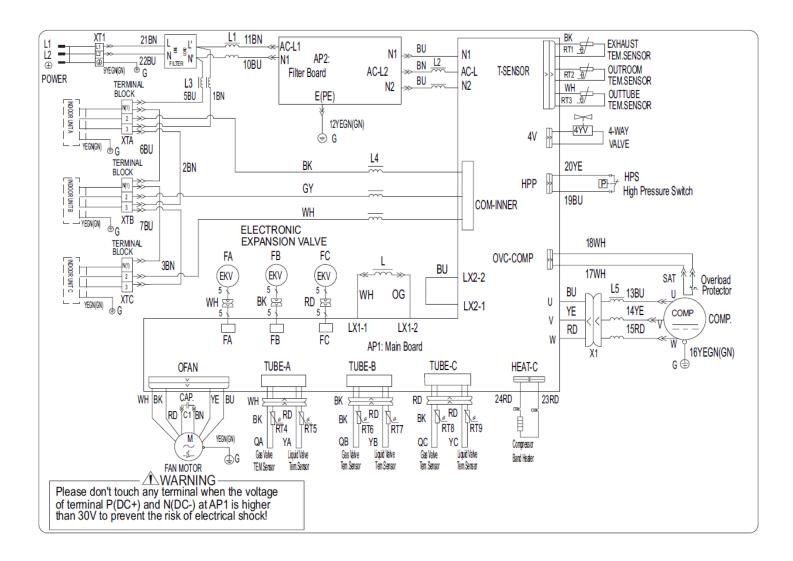
### **Electrical Legend**

Symbol	Color symbol	Symbol	Color symbol	Symbol	Parts name	
WH	WHITE	GN	GREEN	SAT	OVERLOAD	
YE	YELLOW	BN	BROWN	COMP	COMPRESSOR	
RD	RED	BU	BLUE		PROTECTIVE EARTH	
YEGN	YELLOW GREEN	BK	BLACK	/	1	
VT	VIOLET	OG	ORANGE	/	1	

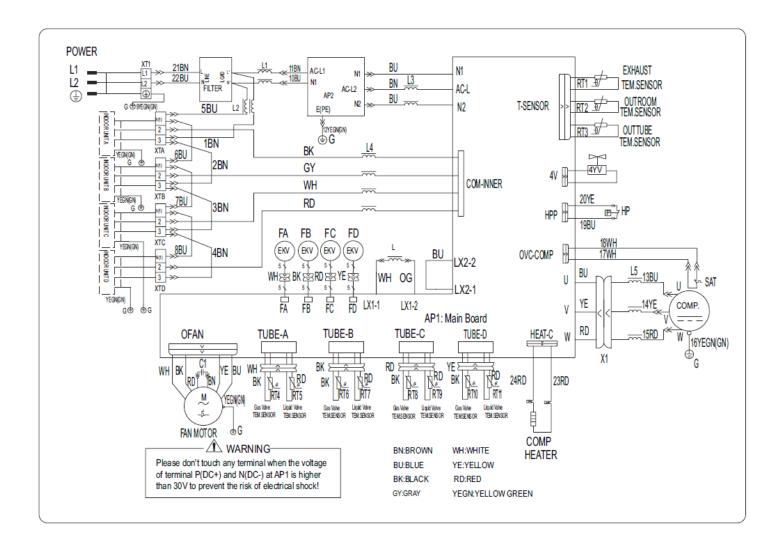
#### MULTI18HP230V1O



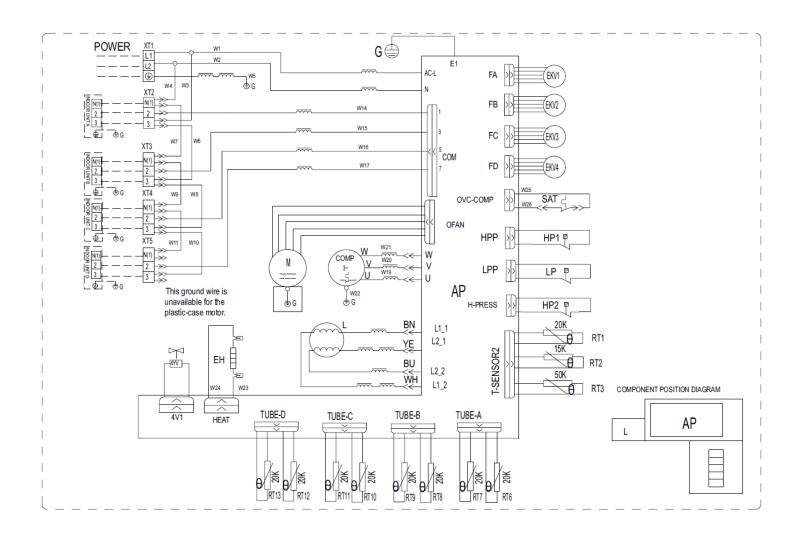
#### MULTI24HP230V1O



#### MULTI30HP230V1O

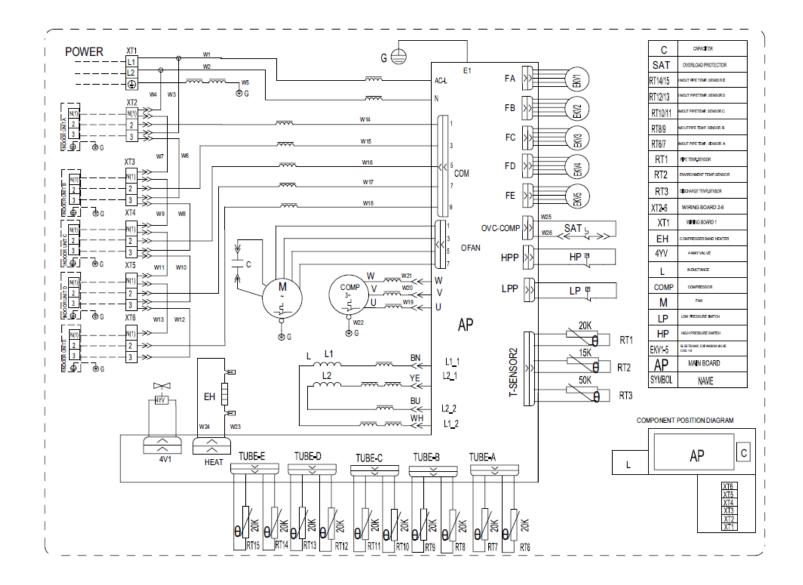


#### MULTI36HP230V1O



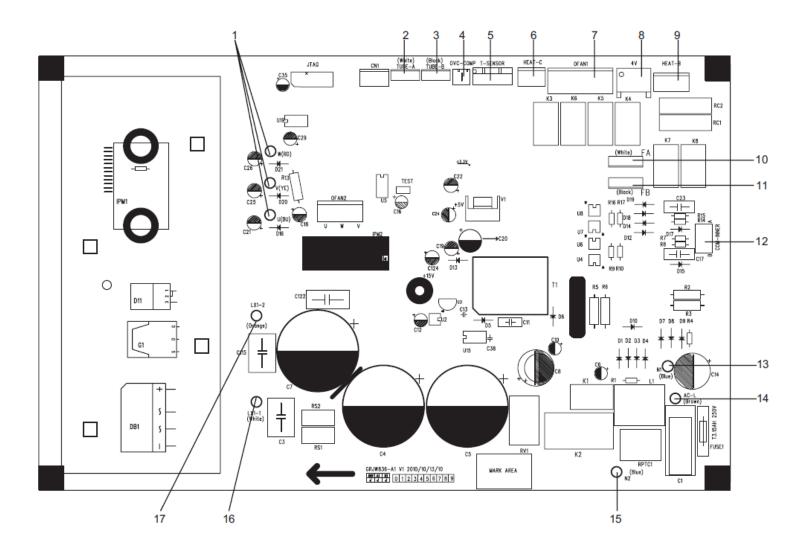
SAT	Overload Protector	RT 3	Discharge Temp. Sensor	EH	Compressor Band Htr
RT 12/13	<b>Tubing Sensors Unit D</b>	RT 2	Discharge Temp. Sensor	4YV	4 - Way Valve
RT 10/11	Tubing Sensors Unit C	RT 1	Discharge Temp. Sensor	L	Inductance
RT 8/9	<b>Tubing Sensors Unit B</b>	XT 2-5	Wiring Board 2-5	M	Fan
RT 6/7	<b>Tubing Sensors Unit A</b>	XT 1	Wiring Board 1	LP	Low Pressure Switch
HP2	High Pressure Switch	HP1	High Pressure Switch	EKV1-4	Electronic Exp Valve

#### MULTI42HP230V1O



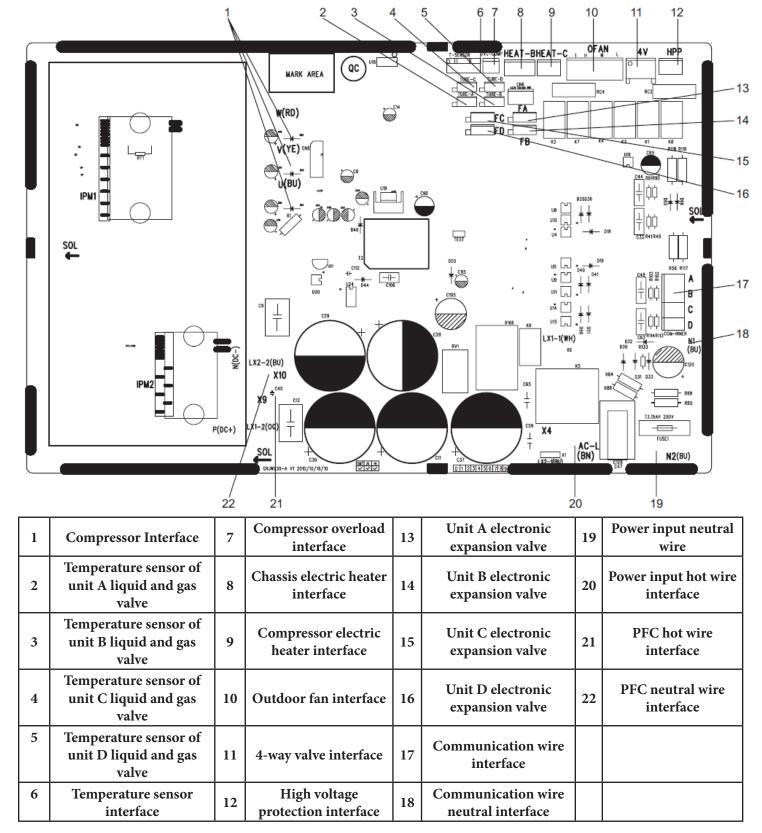
RT 14/15	<b>Tubing Sensors Unit E</b>	RT 3	Discharge Temp. Sensor	EH	Compressor Band Htr
RT 12/13	<b>Tubing Sensors Unit D</b>	RT 2	Discharge Temp. Sensor	4YV	4 - Way Valve
RT 10/11	<b>Tubing Sensors Unit C</b>	RT 1	Discharge Temp. Sensor	L	Inductance
RT 8/9	<b>Tubing Sensors Unit B</b>	XT 2-6	Wiring Board 2-6	M	Fan
RT 6/7	<b>Tubing Sensors Unit A</b>	XT 1	Wiring Board 1	LP	Low Pressure Switch
LP	Low Pressure Switch	HP	High Pressure Switch	EKV1-4	<b>Electronic Exp Valve</b>
С	Capacitor	SAT	Overload Protector		

### MULTI18HP230V1O

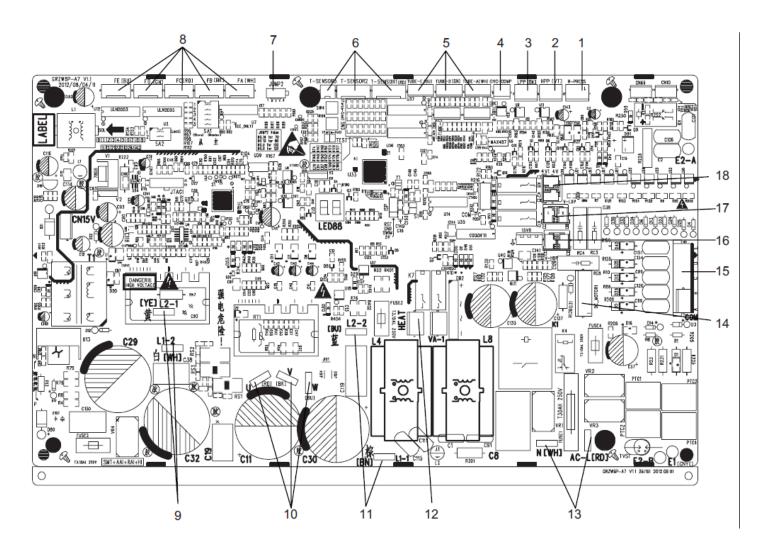


1	Compressor Interface	6	Compressor electric heater	11	Unit B electronic expansion valve	16	Reactor interface
2	Unit A liquid and gas valve	7	Outdoor Fan	12	Communication inter- face with indoor coil	17	Reactor interface 2
3	Unit B liquid and gas valve	8	4-way valve	13	Communication neutral wire		
4	Compressor overload protector	9	Chassis electric heater (reserved)	14	Hot wire of power supply		
5	Temperature sensor	10	Unit A electronic expansion valve	15	Neutral wire of power supply		

#### MULTI24HP230V1O & MULTI30HP230V1O

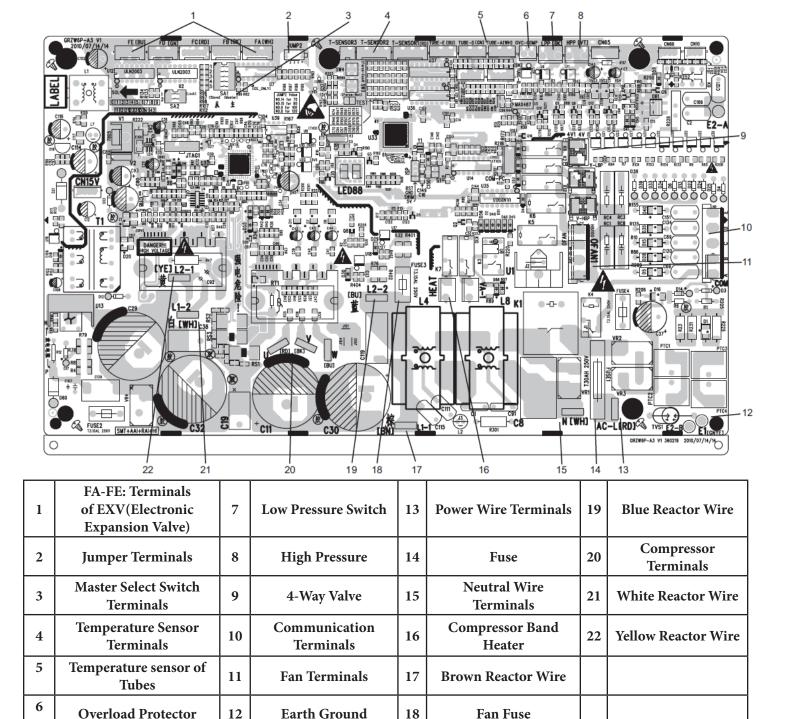


#### MULTI36HP230V1O



1	High Pressure Protection 1	7	Jumper Cap	13	Neutral and Power wire
2	High Pressure Protection 2	8	Electronic Expansion Valve	14	DC Fan
3	Low Pressure Protection	9	Yellow & White wires of PFC	15	Communication Wires
4	Overload Protection	10	Compressor Wire	16	Gas By-Pass Valve
5	Temperature Sensor	11	Brown & Blue wires of PFC	17	Liquid Bypass Valve
6	Temperature Sensor	12	Compressor Band Heater	18	4-Way Valve

#### MULTI42HP230V1O



#### **Indoor Fan Motor Troubleshooting**



To check the condition of the indoor fan motor voltage measurements and resistance measurements can be compared to the following charts. Care must be taken when checking voltage measurements, all wires and terminals must be isolated for safety. Resistance measurements must be taken with power off and "PG" connector removed from the circuit board.

The following chart indicates approximate voltage measurements, readings may vary slightly depending on models and should be used as a reference only. Voltages should be taken with unit running.

PG Wire Connector	Low	Medium	High	Turbo
Brown - White	130 vac	147 vac	161 vac	225 vac
Brown - Red	148 vac	184 vac	210 vac	340 vac
White - Red	123 vac	150 vac	180 vac	205 vac

The following chart indicates approximate resistance measurements, readings may vary slightly depending on models and should be used as a reference only. Turn power off and remove connector from circuit board before reading measurements.

PG Wire Connector	Resistance (ohms)
Brown - White	160 Ω
Brown - Red	400 Ω
White - Red	240 Ω

### **Step Motor Troubleshooting**

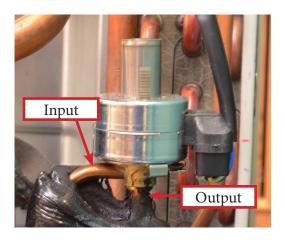


To check the condition of the indoor step (swing) motor resistance measurements may be compared to the following chart. Resistance measurements must be taken with power off and the connector removed from the board. The following charts indicates approximate readings and may vary with different models. *Turn power off and remove connector from circuit board*.

Connector	Blue	Pink	Yellow	Orange	Red
Blue		390 Ω	390 Ω	390 Ω	195 Ω
Pink			390 Ω	390 Ω	195 Ω
Yellow				390 Ω	195 Ω
Orange					195 Ω
Red					

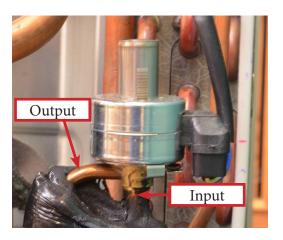
#### **EEV Troubleshooting**

#### **Cooling Mode**



To check the operation of the EEV Valve in cooling mode, using a digital thermometer record the temperature of the input line and the output line of the valve as indicated in the picture above. With the compressor running, the input side of the valve should have a higher reading then the output side indicating that the valve is metering. If the temperature readings are the same, the valve is fully open and the valve is not metering. Since the pressures and frequency are controlled by the G10 technology of the outdoor circuit board, there are no pressure checks that can be made.

#### **Heating Mode**



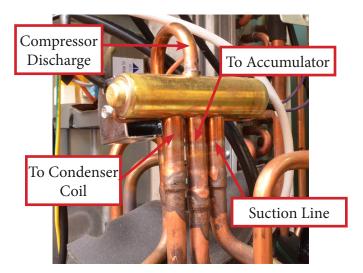
To check the operation of the EEV Valve in heating mode, using a digital thermometer record the temperature of the input line and the output line of the valve as indicated in the picture above. With the compressor running, the input side of the valve should have a higher reading then the output side indicating that the valve is metering. If the temperature readings are the same, the valve is fully open and the valve is not metering. Since the pressures and frequency are controlled by the G10 technology of the outdoor circuit board, there are no pressure checks that can be made.

Resistance readings of EEV valve with wire plug disconnected from circuit board. Power to unit should be off when making resistance readings. Readings below are approximate values and may vary slightly with different outdoor models.

ΕΕΥ Ω	Orange	Red	Yellow	Black	Blue
Orange		94.6 Ω	94.8 Ω	94.4 Ω	47.0 Ω
Red			94.7 Ω	94.4 Ω	47.5 Ω
Yellow				94.6 Ω	47.7 Ω
Black					47.4 Ω
Blue					

#### **4-Way Valve Troubleshooting**

#### **Cooling Mode**

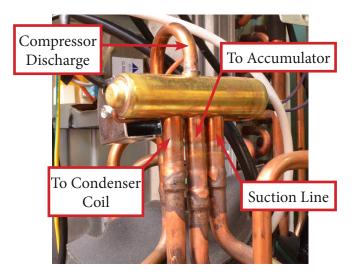


Checking the 4-way valve in cooling mode requires the measurement of 4 readings. First record the temperature of the compressor discharge tubing, secondly record the temperature of the tubing going to the condenser. There should be no more than a 10 degrees difference between the two readings.

The next set of readings will require recording the temperature of the tubing going to the suction line and the temperature of the tubing going to the accumulator. Again, if there should be less than 10 degrees difference between these readings.

A temperature reading higher than 10 degrees may indicate a leaky valve (not fully shifter) or a blockage in the valve.

#### **Heating Mode**



Checking the 4-way valve in heating mode requires the measurement of 4 readings. First record the temperature of the compressor discharge tubing, secondly record the temperature of the suction line tube. There should be no more than a 10 degrees difference between the two readings.

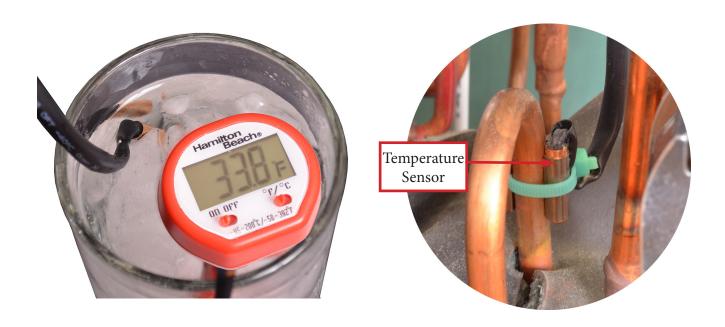
The next set of readings will require recording the temperature of the tubing going to the condenser coil and the temperature of the tubing going to the accumulator. Again, if there should be less than 10 degrees difference between these readings.

A temperature reading higher than 10 degrees may indicate a leaky valve (not fully shifter) or a blockage in the valve.

#### 4-Way valve solenoid resistance check:

Be sure all power is off to the unit. Remove the plug connecting the 4-way vale to the circuit board. Check the resistance with an ohmmeter. The reading should indicate 1.8k  $\Omega$ . If the reading is infinite, replace the solenoid coil.

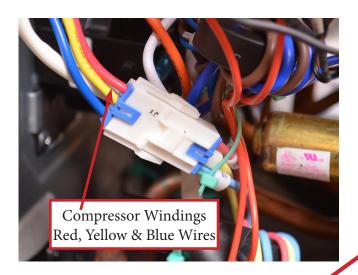
### **Temperature Sensor Check**

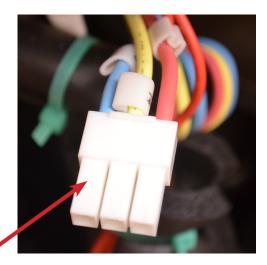


Using a glass of ice water, place the sensor into the glass with a digital thermometer. Wait a few minutes for the reading to stabilize. Compare the readings to the sensor tables in Appendix "A", it the reading are not comparable, replace the sensor. When replacing the sensor, be sure to fasten the sensor securely if it is attached to a tube.

Temp (°C)	Temp (°F)	Resistance (kΩ)	Temp (°C)	Temp (°F)	Resistance (kΩ)	Temp (°C)	Temp (°F)	Resistance (kΩ)
0	32.0	49.02	52	125.6	4.986	104	219.2	0.898
1	33.8	46.6	53	127.4	4.802	105	221.0	0.873
2	35.6	44.31	54	129.2	4.625	106	222.8	0.848
3	37.4	42.14	55	131.0	4.456	107	224.6	0.825
4	39.2	40.09	56	132.8	4.294	108	226.4	0.802
5	41.0	38.15	57	134.6	4.139	109	228.2	0.779
6	42.8	36.32	58	136.4	3.99	110	230.0	0.758
7	44.6	34.58	59	138.2	3.848	111	231.8	0.737
8	46.4	32.94	60	140.0	3.711	112	233.6	0.717
9	48.2	31.38	61	141.8	3.579	113	235.4	0.697

#### **Compressor Windings**

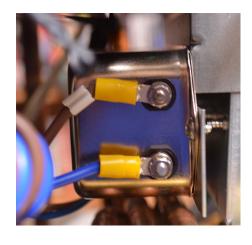




#### Compressor Winding Resistance Check:

Separate the plug from the compressor to AP1 circuit board. The wires red to yellow, yellow to blue & red to blue should have readings from 2 - 4 ohms. There should be no reading from any wire to chassis ground. If the readings between the windings differ greatly, the windings are bad. If there is a reading from any wire to the chassis, there is leakage in the windings.

#### **Line Load Filter**





The line load filter filters out electrical noise to the control board generated by the Inverter.

#### **Outdoor Fan Motor**





Outdoor Motor Winding Resistance Check:

Disconnect power to the unit, all reading are made with no power and fan motor wires disconnected from circuit board.

Remove the red and brown wire from the reactor and then disconnect the plug from the circuit board. The chart below will indicate the approximate resistance values in ohms. Readings may vary slightly for different models.

Motor Leads	Blue	Yellow	Black	White	Red	Brown
Blue		21 Ω	37 Ω	144 Ω	205 Ω	144 Ω
Yellow			18 Ω	125 Ω	100 Ω	125 Ω
Black				108 Ω	85 Ω	108 Ω
White					190 Ω	0 Ω
Red						190 Ω
Brown						

#### Reactor



#### Reactor Resistance Check:

The line reactor helps to smooth the inrush current, reduce harmonics and noise, and buffers the system, protecting the electronics from transient voltage noise. The resistance between the coils will be very low, approximately .3 ohms and should not have any resistance to ground. You should disconnect the wires fro the reactor before taking any readings.

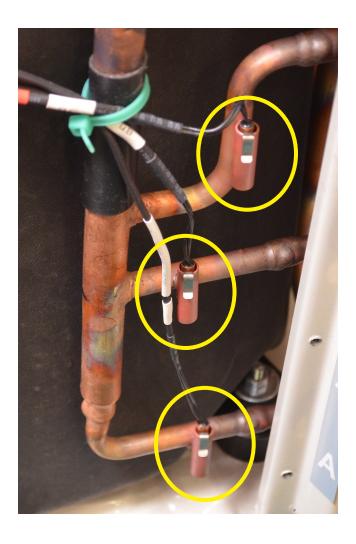
#### **Compressor Crankcase Heater Check**



#### Compressor Crankcase Heater Resistance Check:

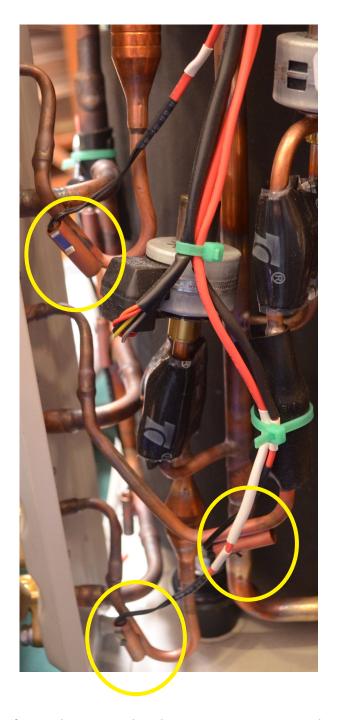
Unplug the wire connector from the circuit board. The resistance should read approximately 2.15K ohms. There should be no reading from either wire to ground. If readings vary from these measurements, replace the heater.

### **Gas Line Temperature Sensors Motor**



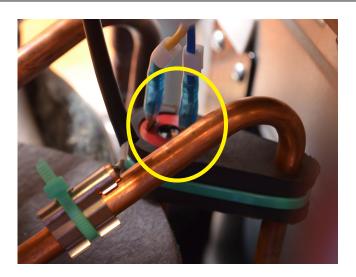
These sensors are a negative coefficient thermistor that decrease in resistance as the temperature increases. The sensors are used to monitor the temperature of the refrigerant leaving the indoor coil to maintain a correct superheat operation. Please refer to the troubleshooting section for error codes generated by a sensor fault.

### **Liquid Line Temperature Sensors**

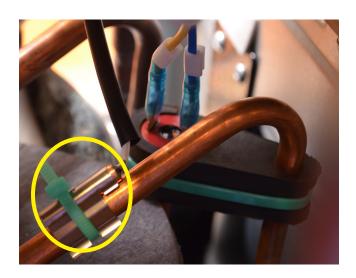


These sensors are a negative coefficient thermistor that decrease in resistance as the temperature increases. The sensors are used to monitor the temperature of the refrigerant leaving the EEV to maintain a correct superheat operation. Please refer to the troubleshooting section for error codes generated by a sensor fault.

#### **High Pressure Protection Switch & Exhaust Temperature Sensor**



The high pressure switch monitors the refrigerant discharge pressure and will shut down the unit if pressures are higher abnormal. If this is detected, an E1 error code will be generated. Please refer to the troubleshooting section for more detailed information.



The exhaust temperature sensor monitors the refrigerant discharge temperature and will send information to the inverter control board for system operation.

The following actions can occur:

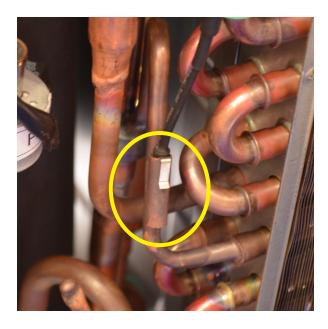
Exhaust Temperature > 208 F - Compressor will not rise above present level

Exhaust Temperature > 217 F - Compressor will run at reduced frequency

Exhaust Temperature < 194 F - Compressor off for a3 minutes minimum, the compressor will restart

Error Code F5 will be generated if the sensor is open or shorted. Please refer to the troubleshooting section for more detailed information.

#### Out Tube Temperature Sensor & Outdoor Temperature Sensor



This sensor is a negative coefficient thermistor that will decrease in resistance as the temperature increases. This sensor will monitor the temperature of the refrigerant leaving the outdoor coil. The reading will be used by the inverter board to adjust frequency calculations.

Error Code F4 will be generated if the sensor is open or shorted. Please refer to the troubleshooting section for more detailed information.



This sensor is a negative coefficient thermistor that will decrease in resistance as the temperature increases. This sensor will monitor the temperature of the outdoor air. The reading will be used by the inverter board to adjust frequency calculations.

Error Code F3 will be generated if the sensor is open or shorted. Please refer to the troubleshooting section for more detailed information.

# Fault Displays

## Models MULTI18HP230V1O, MULTI24HP230V1O & MULTI30HP230V1O

Note: Off On Dlink
Multiple malfunctions will be displayed every 5 seconds

#	Malfunction Description	LED 1	LED 2	LED 3	LED 4
0	Normal stop	0	0	0	0
1	Compressor run		Ō	Ö	Ō
2	Compressor overload protection	0	0	0	0
3	Discharge protection	0		0	0
4	Outdoor unit overload protection			0	0
5	High pressure protection	0		0	0
6	Over current protection	0	0	0	0
7	IMP protection		0	0	0
8	IMP over heating protection	0	0	0	0
9	PFC protection (including PFC overheating protection)	0	0	•	0
10	Phase current protection		0		0
11	Over voltage protection	0	0		0
12	Insufficient voltage protection	0			0
13	Start failure				0
14	Compressor desynchronizing	0			0
15	Compressor phase-lacking protection	0	0		0
16	Compressor phase current detection malfunction				0
17	Memory chip mistake	0	0		0
18	DC power supply circuit-short	0	0	0	0
19	Defrosting		0	0	0
20	Oil return	0	0	0	0
21	Complete unit frequency restriction protection	0		0	0
22	Complete unit frequency dropping protection			0	0
23	Unit A frequency restriction or frequency dropping protection	0	•	0	0
24	Unit B frequency restriction or frequency dropping protection	0	0	0	0
25	Unit C frequency restriction or frequency dropping protection	•	0	0	0
26	Unit D frequency restriction or frequency drop- ping protection	0	0	0	0
27	Outdoor ambient temperature sensor protection	0	0	0	
28	Outdoor tube temperature sensor protection		0	0	
29	Discharge temperature sensor protection	0	0	0	
30	IPM thermal resistance malfunction	0		0	

# Fault Displays

## Models MULTI18HP230V1O, MULTI24HP230V1O & MULTI30HP230V1O

#	Malfunction Description	LED 1	LED 2	LED 3	LED 4
31	Unit A liquid pipe temperature sensor malfunction	•	•	0	•
32	Unit A gas pipe temperature sensor malfunction	0		0	
33	Unit B liquid pipe temperature sensor malfunction	0	0	0	
34	Unit B gas pipe temperature sensor malfunction	0	0	0	
35	Unit C liquid pipe temperature sensor malfunction	0	0	0	
36	Unit C gas pipe temperature sensor malfunction	0	0		
37	Unit D liquid pipe temperature sensor malfunction	•	0	•	•
38	Unit D gas pipe temperature sensor malfunction	0	0		
39	Unit A mode conflict	0			
40	Unit B mode conflict				
41	Unit C mode conflict	0			
42	Unit D Mode Conflict	0	0		
43	Communication failure with Unit A		0		
44	Communication failure with Unit B	0	0		
45	Communication failure with Unit C	0	0	0	
46	Communication failure with Unit D		0	0	
47	Unit A freeze protection		0	O	
48	Unit B freeze protection	0		Ŏ	
49	Unit C freeze protection			0	
50	Unit D freeze protection	0		0	
51	Unit A overheating prevention protection	0	0	0	
52	Unit B overheating prevention protection		0	0	
53	Unit C overheating prevention protection	0	0	0	
54	Unit D overheating prevention protection	0	0	0	0
55	Unit A communication wire mis-connection or expansion valve malfunction	•	0	0	0
56	Unit B communication wire mis-connection or expansion valve malfunction	0	0	0	0
57	Unit C communication wire mis-connection or expansion valve malfunction	0	•	0	0
58	Unit D communication wire mis-connection or expansion valve malfunction	•	•	0	0

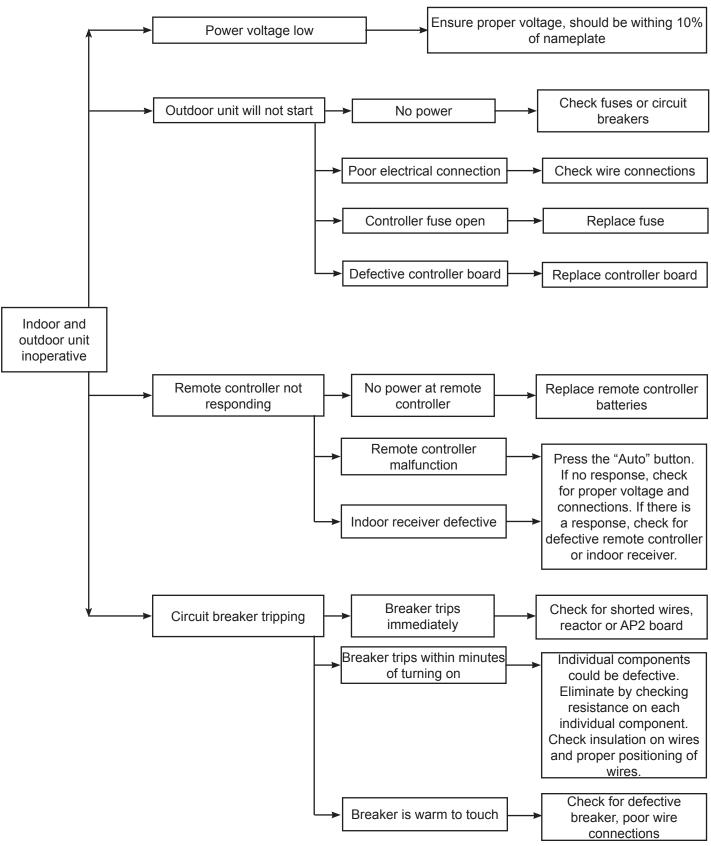
	88 Display	Indicating LED Flashing Times				Wired	
Error Item		Running LED	Cooling LED	Heating LED	88 Display	Controller Display	Error Type
High Pressure Protection	E1	Flash once	/	/	E1	E1	Outdoor
Shutdown for Whole Unit Anti- Freeze Protection	E2	Flash twice	/	/	E2	E2	System Error
Low Pressure Protection	E3	Flash 3 times	/	/	E3	E3	Outdoor
High Discharge Temp Protection	E4	Flash 4 times	/	/	E4	E4	Outdoor
Communication Error	E6	Flash 6 times	/	/	E6	Е6	Outdoor & Indoor
Indoor Unit Water Full Error	E9	Flash 9 times	/	/	E9	E9	Indoor
Refrigerant Recovery Mode	Fo	Flash once	Flash Once	/	Fo	Fo	Special Mode
Outdoor Ambient Temp Sensor Error	F3	/	Flash 3 times	/	F3	F3	Outdoor
Outdoor Mid- Coil Temp Sensor Error	F4	/	Flash 4 times	/	F4	F4	Outdoor
Outdoor Discharge Air Temp Sensor Error	F5	/	Flash 5 times	/	F5	F5	Outdoor
Oil Return for Cooling	F7	/	/	/	/	/	Special Mode
Forced Defrosting	H1	Quick Flashing	/	/	H1	H1	Special Mode
Oil Return for Heating or Defrosting	H1	/	/	Flash once	H1	*	Special Mode
Compressor Overheat Protection	Н3	/	/	Flash 3 times	Н3	Н3	Drive Error
IPM Protection	Н5	/	/	Flash 5 times	Н5	Н5	Drive Error

	88 Display	Indicating LED Flashing Times				Wired	
Error Item		Running LED	Cooling LED	Heating LED	88 Display	Controller Display	Error Type
PFC Error	НС	/	/	Flash 6 times	Нс	Нс	Drive Error
Startup Failure	LC	/	/	Flash 11 times	Lc	Lc	Drive Error
DC Fan motor Error	LA	Flash 24 times	/	/	LA	LA	Outdoor
Phase Loss	LD	/	/	/	Ld	Ld	Drive Error
Compressor Stalling	LE	/	/	/	LE	LE	Drive Error
Over-Speed	LF	/	/	/	LF	LF	Drive Error
IPM Reset	P0	/	/	/	P0	P0	Drive Error
Compressor Current Protection	P5	/	/	Flash 15 times	P5	P5	Drive Error
Communication Error between the Inverter Drive and the Main Controller	Р6	Flash 16 times	/	/	P6	P6	Drive Error
Radiator Temp Sensor Error	P7	/	/	Flash 18 times	P7	P7	Drive Error
Radiator Over- heat Protection	P8	/	/	Flash 19 times	P8	P8	Drive Error
AC Contactor Protection	P9	/	/	/	Р9	P9	Drive Error
Sensor Connection Protection	Pd	/	/	/	Pd	Pd	Drive Error
Over Voltage Protection	РН	/	Flash 11 times	/	РН	PH	Drive Error
Low Voltage Protection	PL	/	/	Flash 21 times	PL	PL	Drive Error
Temp Drift Protection	PE	/	/	/	PE	PE	Drive Error
Drive Board Ambient Temp Sensor Error	PF	/	/	/	PF	PF	Drive Error

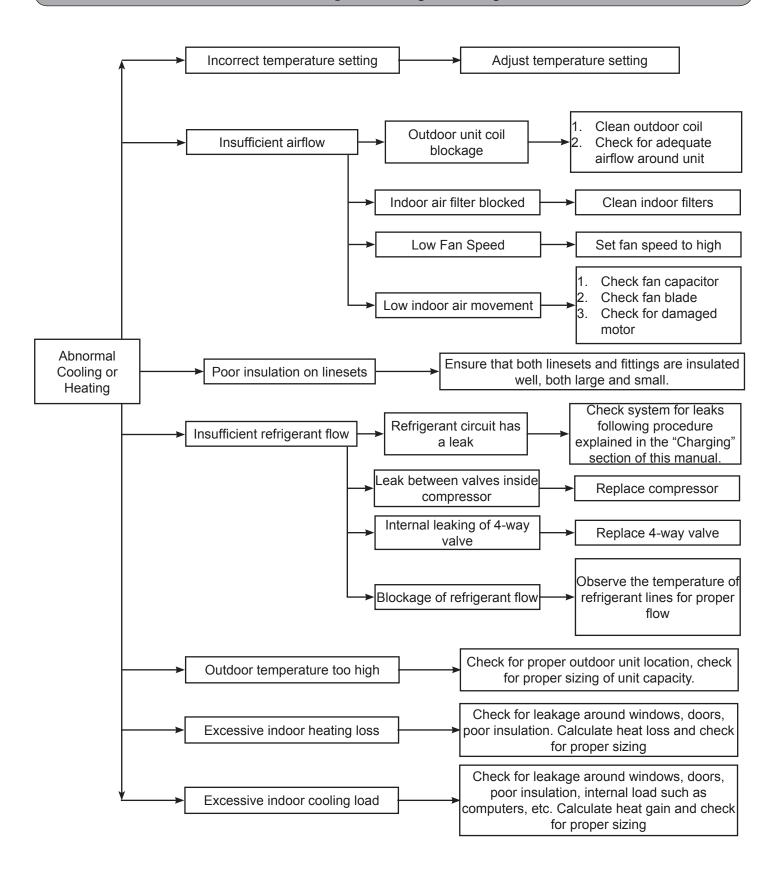
		Indicating LED Flashing Times				Wired	
Error Item	88 Display	Running LED	Cooling LED	Heating LED	88 Display	Controller Display	Error Type
AC Current Protection	PA	/	/	/	35	35	Drive Error
Charging Circuit Error	PU	/	/	Flash 17 times	PU	PU	Drive Error
Unit n communication error	See Table 16	Flash 6 times	/	/	E6	E6	Indoor
Unit n indoor pipe midway temperature sensor error	See Table 16	/	Flash twice	/	E2	E2	Indoor
Indoor Evapora- tor Temp Sensor Short/Open-Cir- cuit	See Table 16	/	Flash twice	/	F2	F2	Indoor
(Air Valve) Unit n indoor unit pipe outlet temperature sensor error	See Table 16	/	Flash 22 times	/	b7	b7	Indoor
(Liquid Valve) Unit n indoor pipe inlet temperature sensor error	See Table 16	/	Flash 19 times	/	b5	b5	Indoor
Unit n mode conflict	See Table 16	/	Flash once	/	F1	F1	Indoor
Mode conflict	See Table 16	Flash 7 times	/	/	E7	E7	Indoor

Error Code	Error Description	Error Code	Error Description Erro		Error Description	
13	Unit A indoor unit pipe outlet temperature sensor error	33	Unit C indoor unit pipe outlet temperature sensor error	46	Unit D mode conflict	
14	Unit A indoor pipe inlet temperature sensor error	34	Unit C indoor pipe inlet temperature sensor error	47	Unit D anti-freezing protection	
15	Unit A indoor ambient temperature sensor error	35	Unit C indoor ambient temperature sensor error	51	Unit E communication error	
16	Unit A mode conflict	36	Unit C mode conflict	52	Unit E indoor pipe midway temperature sensor error	
17	Unit A anti-freezing protection	37	Unit C anti-freezing pro- tection	53	Unit E indoor unit pipe outlet temperature sensor error	
23	Unit B indoor unit pipe outlet temperature sensor error	41	Unit D communication error	54	Unit E indoor pipe inlet temperature sensor error	
24	Unit B indoor pipe inlet temperature sensor error	42	Unit D indoor pipe mid- way temperature sensor error	55	Unit E indoor ambient temperature sensor error	
25	Unit B indoor ambient temperature sensor error	43	Unit D indoor unit pipe outlet temperature sensor error	56	Unit E mode conflict	
26	Unit B mode conflict	44	Unit D indoor pipe inlet temperature sensor error	57	Unit E anti-freezing protection	
27	Unit B anti-freezing protection	45	Unit D indoor ambient temperature sensor error	C5	Jumper terminal error	

#### **Unit Will Not Start**



#### **Inadequate Cooling or Heating**



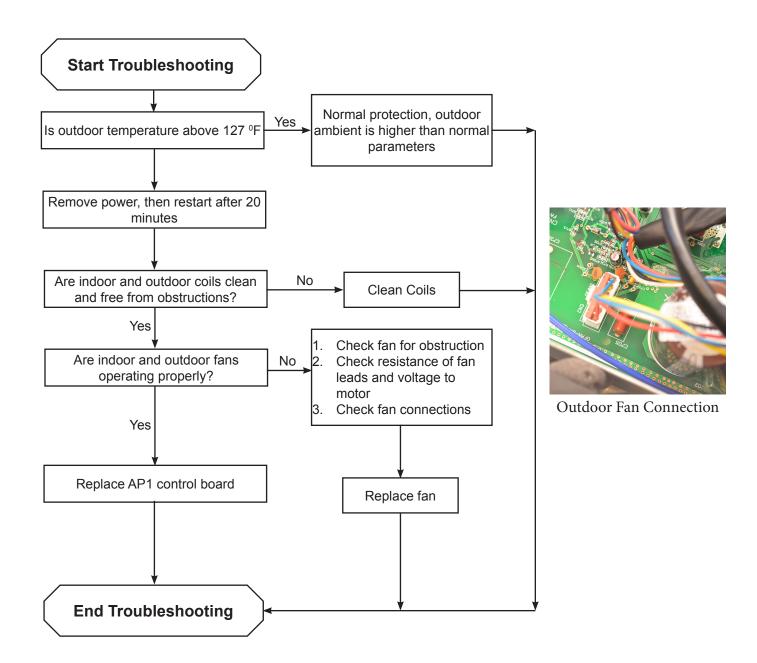
#### Anti-high temperature and overload malfunction

<u>High Discharge Temperature Protection of Compressor.</u>

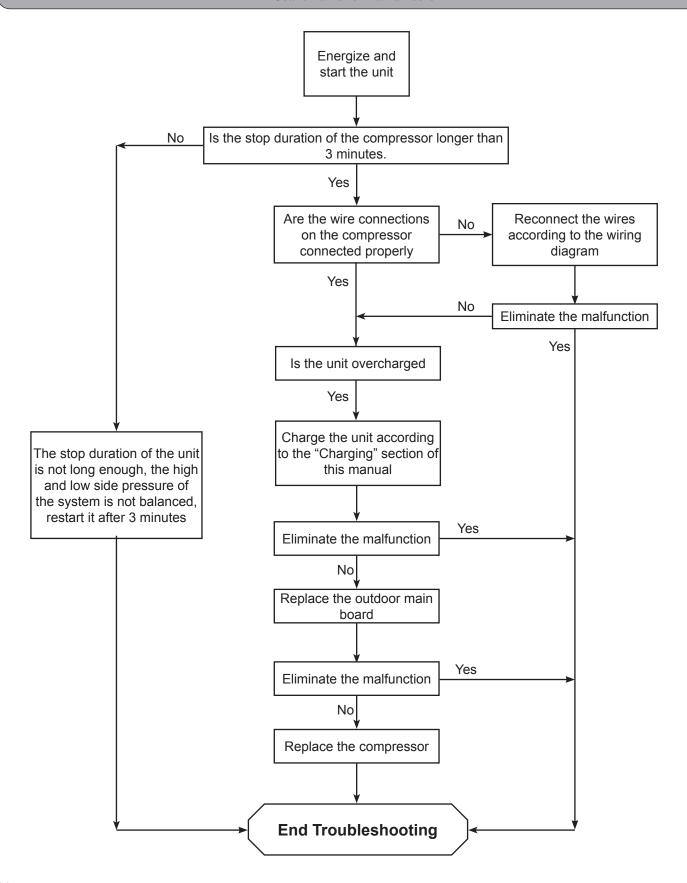
#### Status:

Cooling operation, compressor stops while indoor fans runs. Heating operation, complete unit stops

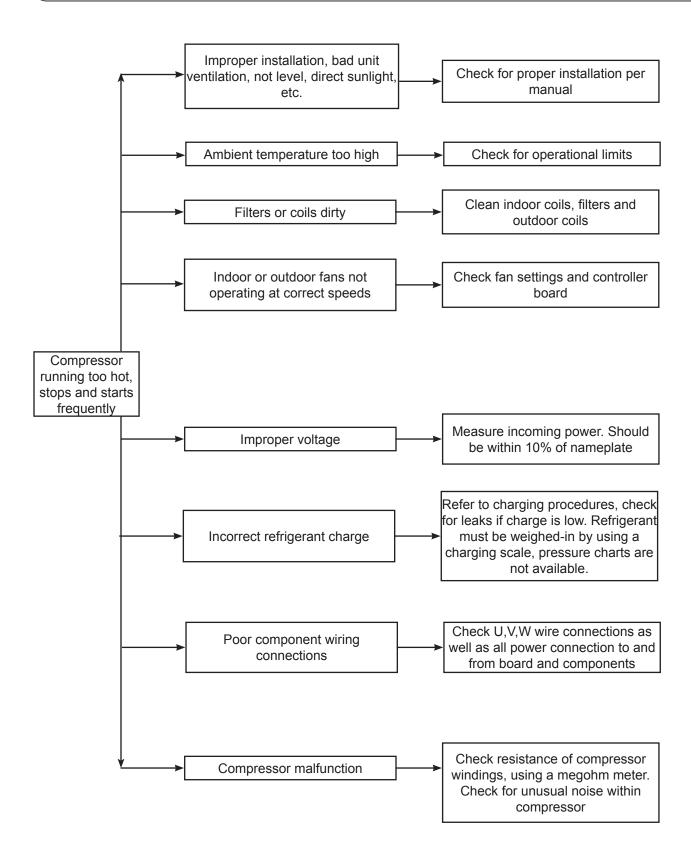
- 1. Is unit running in proper outdoor ambient range
- 2. Faulty outdoor temperature sensor
- 3. Refrigerant leak
- 4. Poor airflow of outdoor unit
- 5. Follow Troubleshooting procedure



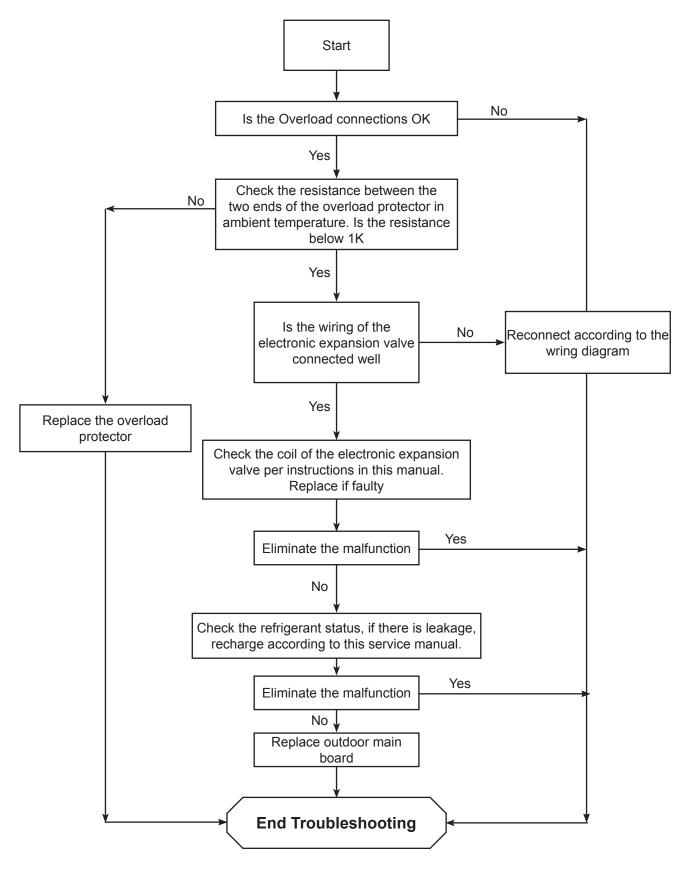
#### **Start Failure Malfunction**



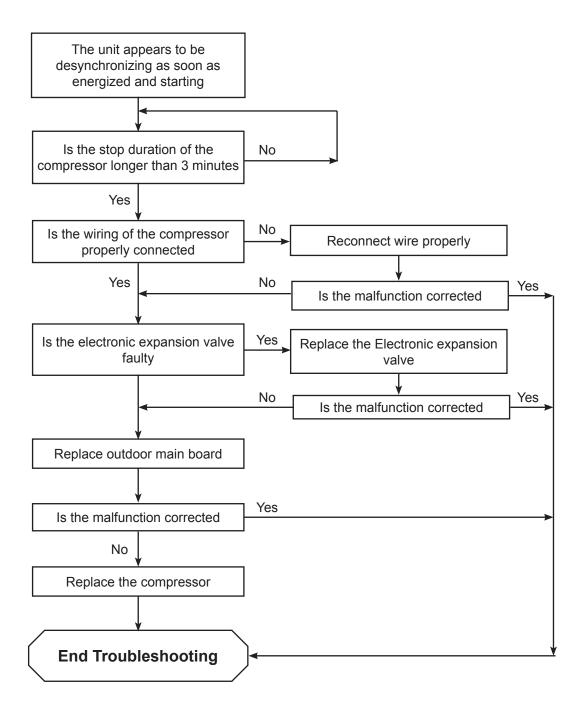
#### **Compressor Running Hot**



#### Compressor Overload, Discharge protection malfunction



### **Compressor Desynchronizing Malfunction**



#### C5 Error Code

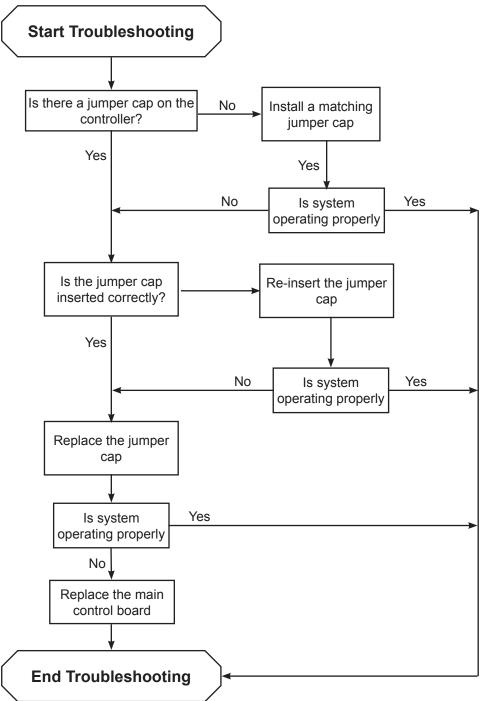


#### Jumper Cap Malfunction

#### Status:

Wireless remote will not send command to indoor unit.

- 1. No jumper cap inserted on board
- 2. Jumper cap not fully seated
- 3. Jumper cap damaged
- 4. Bad control board



#### EE, EU, FH, E2 Error Codes

#### **Fault & Status**

#### **Possible Causes**



#### EEProm Malfunction

#### Status:

During cooling & dehumidifying, indoor unit operates while other functions stop; During heating operation, complete unit stops

1. Faulty outdoor control board, replace AP1

EU



<u>Decrease in Frequency due to over heating</u> of Module

#### Status:

All units operate with decrease in capacity

- After the unit is off for 20 minutes, check for sufficient thermal grease on IPM module of the outdoor control board and that is seated tightly.
- 2. Faulty control board, replace



Decrease frequency due to anti-freezing

All units operate with decrease in capacity

- 1. Poor air return in indoor unit
- 2. Fan speed too slow



#### Antifreeze Protection

#### Status:

Cooling operation, compressor stops while indoor fans runs. Heating operation, complete unit stops

- 1. Poor air return in indoor unit
- 2. Fan speed abnormal
- Indoor coil dirty

#### **E1 Error Codes**

#### **Compressor High Pressure Protection**



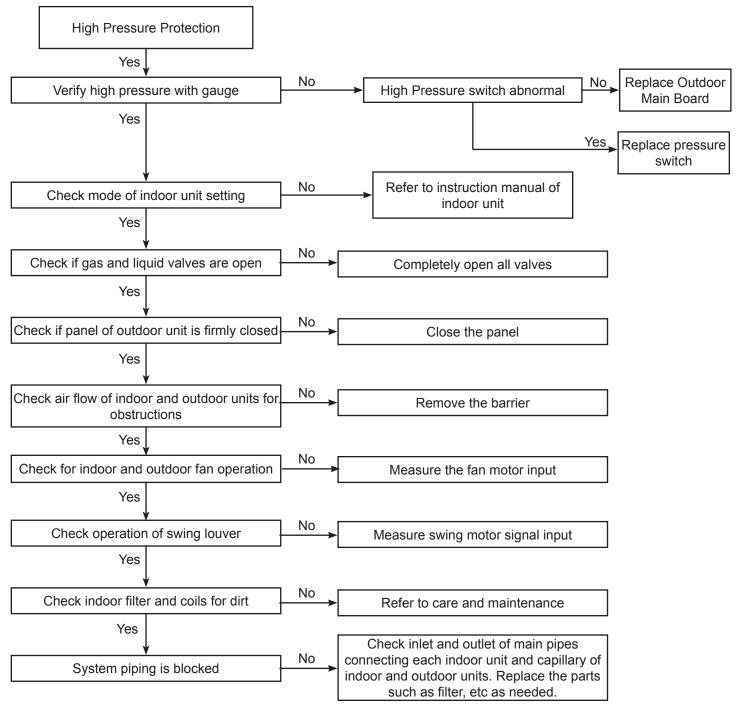
#### **Fault & Status**

### <u>High Pressure Protection of System</u> **Status:**

During cooling & dehumidifying, indoor unit operates while other functions stop; During heating operation, complete unit stops

#### **Possible Causes**

- 1. Refrigerant overcharge
- 2. Dirty outdoor coil
- 3. Blockage of airflow
- 4. Outdoor ambient too high



#### E3 Error Codes

#### **Compressor Low Pressure Protection**

Check indoor filter and coils for dirt

System piping is blocked

Yes

#### **Fault & Status Possible Causes** Low Pressure Protection 1. Low refrigerant charge Status: 2. Improper indoor mode setting Cooling operation, compressor stops while Improper fan operation 3. Refrigerant valve not fully opened indoor fans runs. Heating operation, complete unit stops Low Pressure Protection Yes No Verify low pressure with gauge Refer to high pressure protection Yes Charge refrigerant according to the amount No specified in the nameplate and calculated Check if the refrigerant is sufficient additional amount Yes No Check if operation mode of indoor unit is set Refer to instruction manual of properly indoor unit Yes No Check if gas and liquid valves are open Completely open all valves Yes No Check if panel of outdoor unit is firmly closed Close the panel Yes No Check air flow of indoor and outdoor units for Remove the barrier obstructions Yes No Check for indoor and outdoor fan operation Measure the fan motor input Yes No Check operation of swing louver Measure swing motor signal input Yes No

No

Refer to care and maintenance

Check inlet and outlet of main pipes

connecting each indoor unit and capillary of

indoor and outdoor units. Replace the parts such as filter, etc as needed.

#### **E4 Error Code**

#### **High Discharge Temperature Protection of Compressor.**

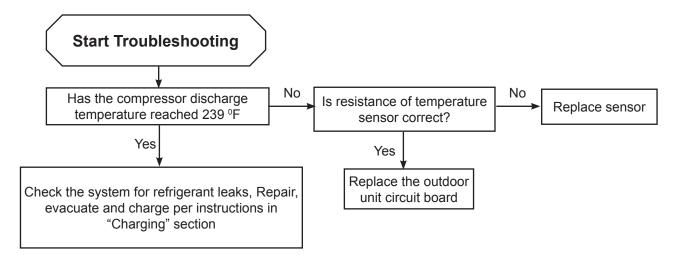


<u>High Discharge Temperature Protection of Compressor.</u>

#### Status:

Cooling operation, compressor stops while indoor fans runs. Heating operation, complete unit stops

- 1. Faulty outdoor temperature sensor
- 2. Refrigerant leak
- 3. Poor airflow of outdoor unit
- 4. Follow Troubleshooting procedure



## E5 Error Code Overcurrent Protection



#### **Fault & Status**

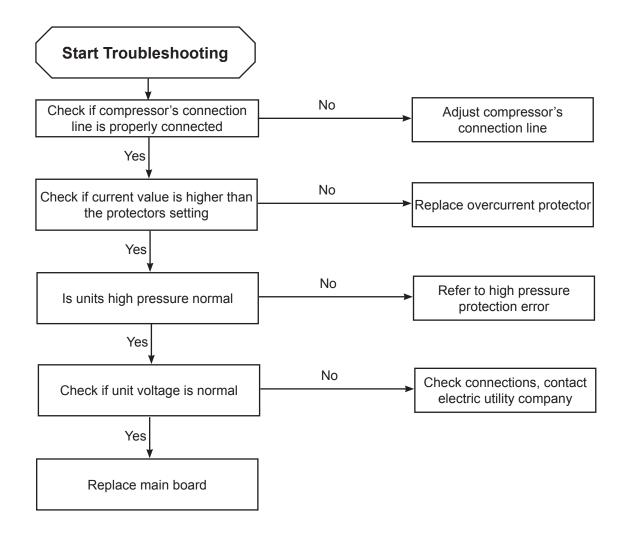
#### **Possible Causes**

### Overcurrent Protection

#### Status:

During cooling & dehumidifying, indoor unit operates while other functions stop; During heating operation, complete unit stops

- 1. Supply voltage is unstable
- 2. Supply voltage is too low
- 3. Coils are dirty
- 4. Improper refrigerant charge



## E6 Error Code Communication Failure of Some Indoor Units

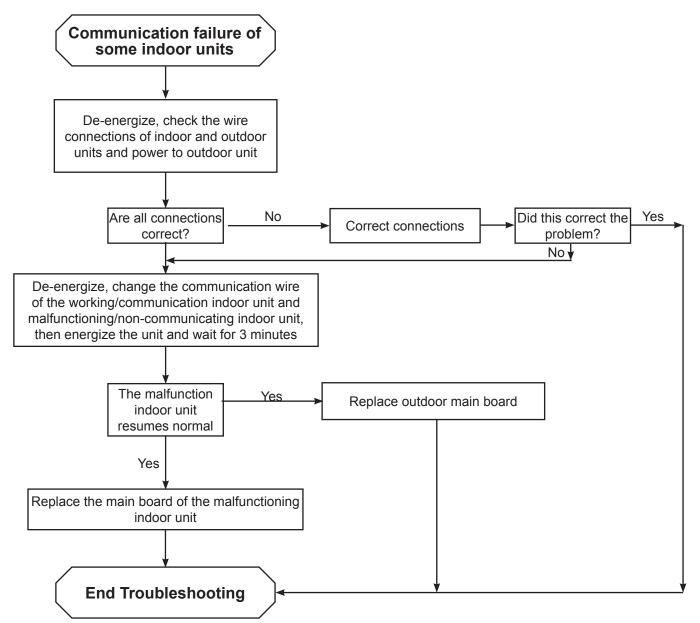


#### Communication Failure

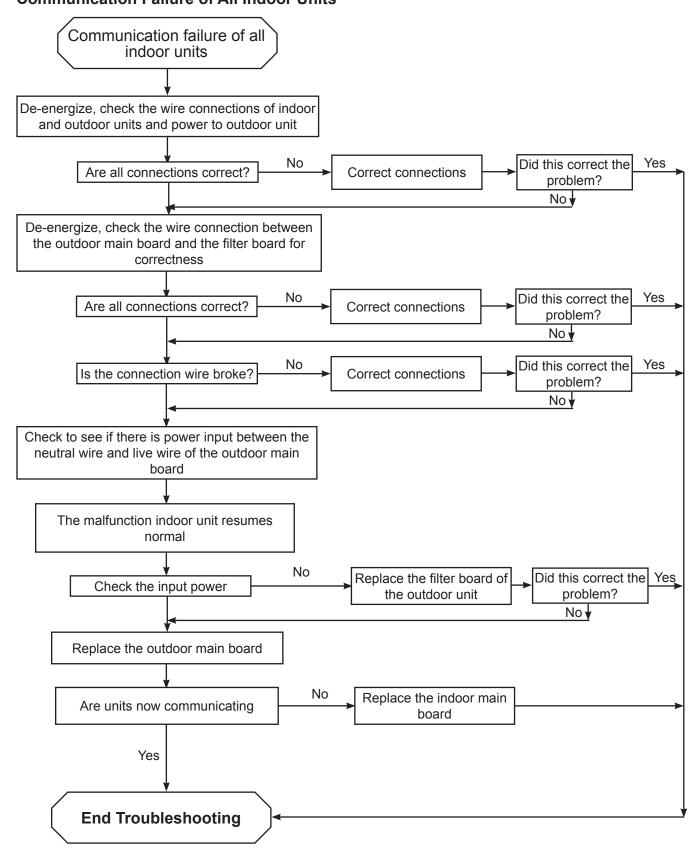
#### Status:

Cooling operation, compressor stops while indoor fans runs. Heating operation, complete unit stops

- Improper voltages
- 2. Mis-matched indoor and outdoor units
- 3. Improper wiring between indoor and outdoor units



## E6 Error Code, continued Communication Failure of All Indoor Units



#### **E8 Error Code**

#### **Overload System Protection Problem**

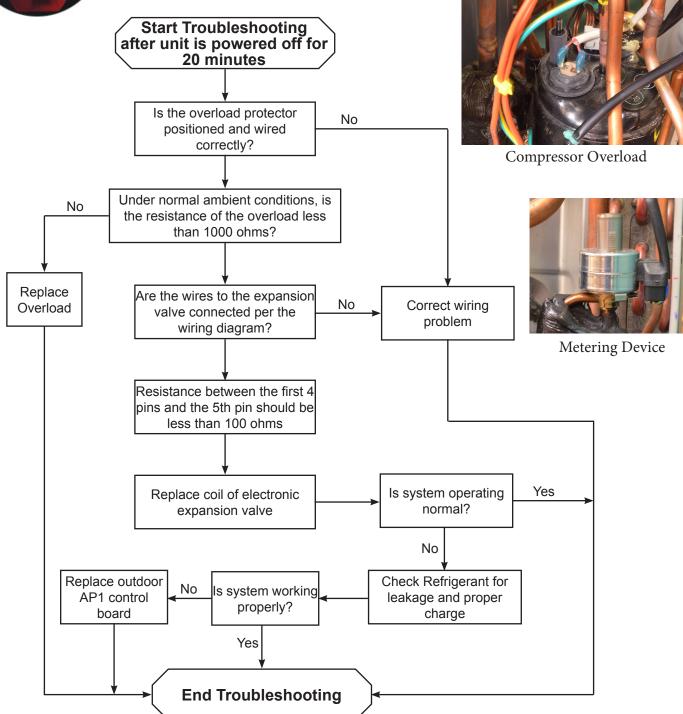


#### Overload System Protection Problem

#### Status:

Cooling operation, compressor stops while indoor fans runs. Heating operation, complete unit stops

- 1. Incorrect refrigerant charge
- 2. Metering device problem
- 3. Compressor failure

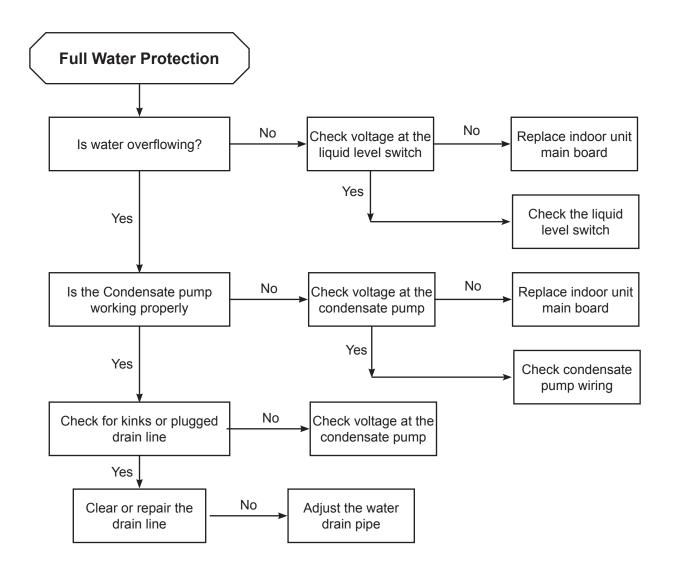


### E9 Error Code Full Water Protection



#### **Possible Causes**

- 1. Drain line plugged
- 2. Faulty condensate pump
- 3. Faulty liquid level switch
- 4. Faulty main circuit board



#### F1 - F5 Temperature Sensor Codes

See troubleshooting chart next page

#### **Fault & Status**

#### **Possible Causes**



<u>Indoor ambient temperature sensor is open</u> <u>or short circuited.</u>

#### Status:

During cooling & dehumidifying, indoor unit operates while other functions stop; During heating operation, complete unit stops

- Loose or bad contact of indoor temperature sensor
- 2. Sensor wire leads not properly connected
- 3. Faulty sensor, check readings with charts
- 4. Main circuit board defective



Indoor evaporator temperature sensor is open or short circuited.

#### Status:

After reaching set-point, all components stop operation, cooling and heating modes

- Loose or bad contact of indoor temperature sensor
- 2. Sensor wire leads not properly connected
- 3. Faulty sensor, check readings with charts
- 4. Main circuit board defective



<u>Outdoor ambient temperature sensor is open</u> <u>or short circuited.</u>

#### Status:

Cooling operation, compressor stops while indoor fans runs. Heating operation, complete unit stops

- Loose or bad contact of outdoor temperature sensor
- 2. Sensor wire leads not properly connected
- 3. Faulty sensor, check readings with charts
- 4. Main circuit board defective



<u>Outdoor Mid-Coil condenser temperature</u> <u>sensor is open or short circuited.</u>

#### Status:

Cooling operation, compressor stops while indoor fans runs. Heating operation, complete unit stops

- Loose or bad contact of outdoor temperature sensor
- 2. Sensor wire leads not properly connected
- 3. Faulty sensor, check readings with charts
- 4. Main circuit board defective



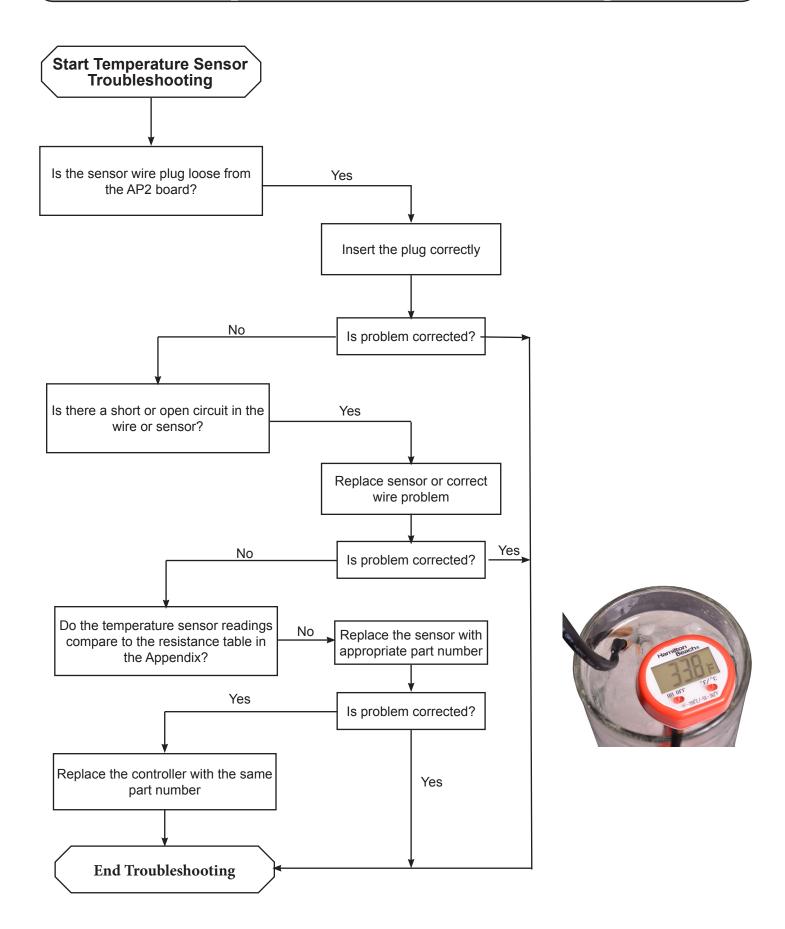
Outdoor discharge temperature sensor is open or short circuited.

#### Status:

Cooling operation, compressor stops after 3 minutes while indoor fans runs. Heating operation, complete unit stops after operating for 3 minutes

- Loose or bad contact of outdoor temperature sensor, head of sensor should be inserted into the copper tubing
- 2. Sensor wire leads not properly connected
- 3. Faulty sensor, check readings with charts
- 4. Main circuit board defective

## Temperature Sensor Troubleshooting



### F6 - F9 Temperature Sensor Codes

See troubleshooting chart preceding page

#### **Fault & Status**

#### **Possible Causes**



Decrease frequency due to overload.

#### Status:

All systems operate normal with decrease in capacity

1. Refer to "E8" troubleshooting procedures



Oil Return in Cooling

Normal function



Decrease frequency due to overcurrent.

#### **Status**

All systems operate normal with decrease in capacity

- 1. Input voltage too low.
- 2. System pressure is too high



<u>Decrease frequency due to high discharge</u> <u>air.</u>

#### Status:

All systems operate normal with decrease in capacity

- 1. Cooling load is too great
- 2. Outdoor ambient too high
- 3. Refrigerant undercharge
- 4. Electronic expansion valve fault

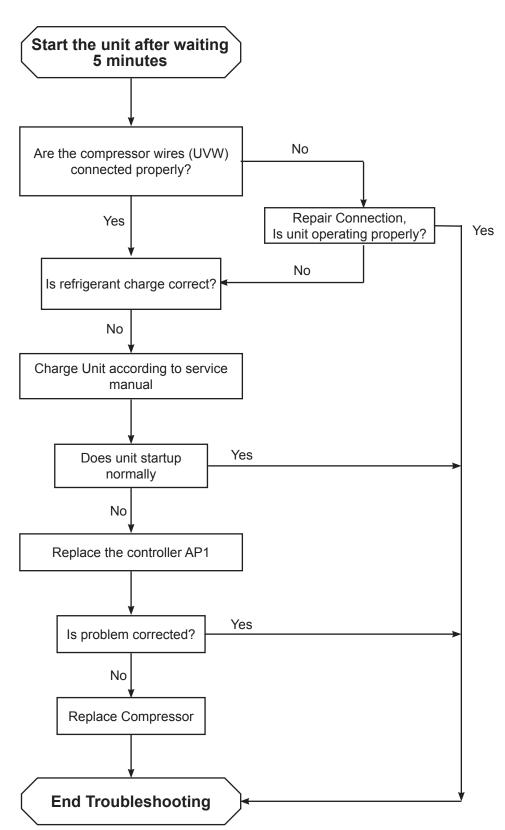
## Start-up Failure Troubleshooting

### Lc - Start-up Failure





Compressor Connector



HC

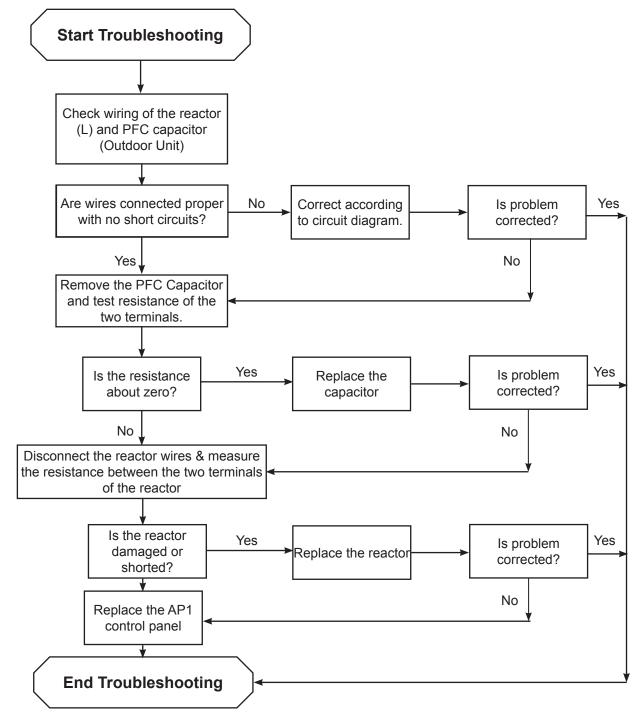
#### **PFC (Power Factor Correction) Protection**



### <u>PFC (Power Factor Correction) Protection</u> **Status:**

During cooling & dehumidifying, indoor unit operates while other functions stop; During heating operation, complete unit stops

- Check for damage to the reactor and PFC capacitor of the outdoor unit
- 2. Refer to troubleshooting procedure below



#### H0 - H3 Error Codes

#### Fault & Status

#### **Possible Causes**



Decrease frequency due to overload.

#### Status:

All systems operate normal with decrease in capacity

1. Refer to "E8" troubleshooting procedures



#### Defrosting

#### Status:

Defrosting will occur in heating mode. Compressor will operate while indoor fan stops. Normal function



### Overload Protection for Compressor

#### Status:

During cooling mode, compressor will stop, indoor fan will run. Heating mode all units stop.

- 1. Wiring terminal OVC-COMP is loose. In normal state the resistance should be less than 1 ohm,
- 2. Refer to "E4" troubleshooting procedures.

## **H5 Error Code IPM Protection**



#### **Fault & Status**

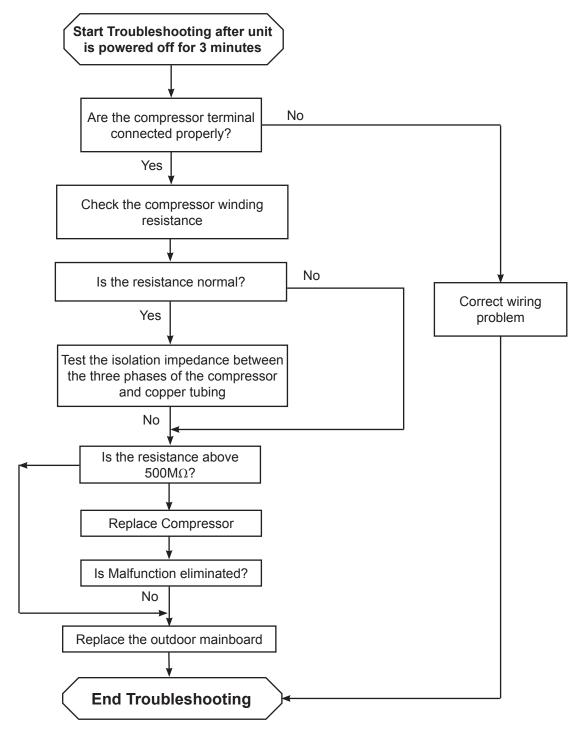
#### **Possible Causes**

#### IPM Protection

#### Status:

During cooling mode, compressor will stop, indoor fan will run. Heating mode all units stop.

- 1. Dirty indoor and outdoor coils
- 2. Faulty indoor or outdoor fans
- 3. High system pressure
- 4. Over charge of refrigerant



#### H7 Error Code, continued on next page



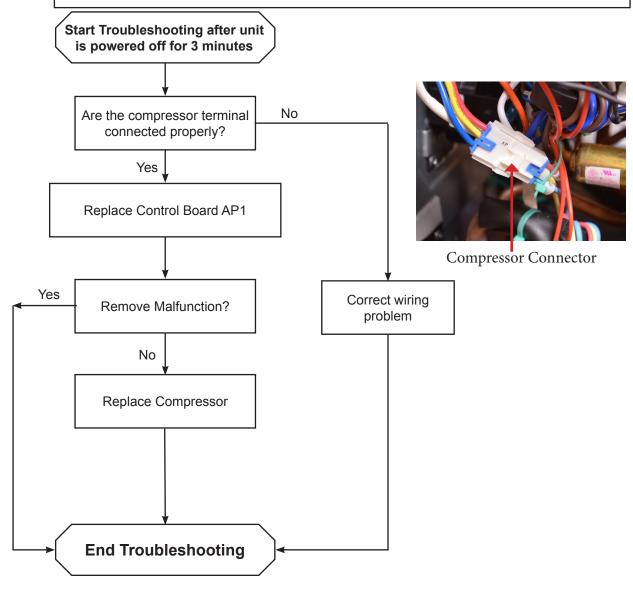
### <u>Desynchronizing of compressor</u>

#### Status:

During cooling mode, compressor will stop, indoor fan will run. Heating mode all units stop.

- 1. Check the resistance of the compressor terminals and connections to the compressor
- 2. Check for overcharge of refrigerant
- 3. Check for correct voltage
- 4. Check for dirty coils and filters

#### <u>Troubleshooting Procedure for Synchronizing Fault after Unit is Started</u>



#### H7 Error Code, continued



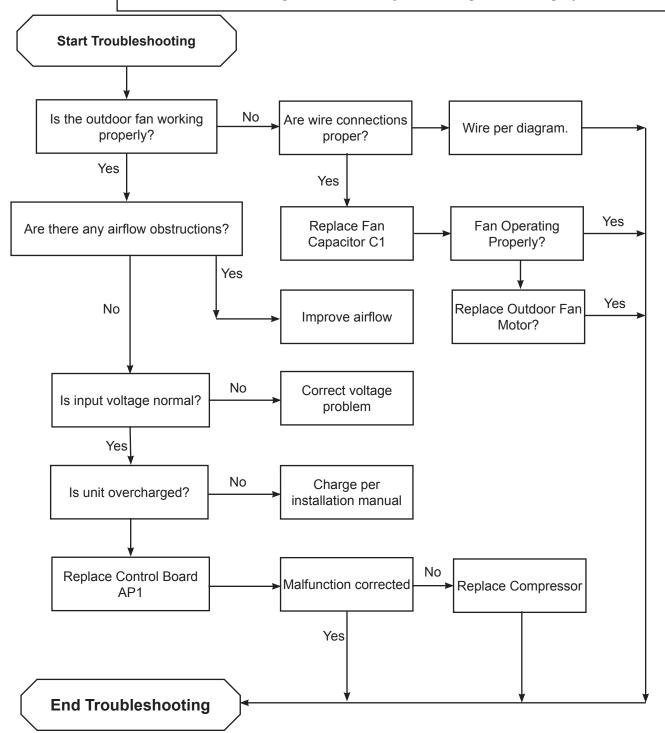
### <u>Desynchronizing of compressor</u>

#### Status:

During cooling mode, compressor will stop, indoor fan will run. Heating mode all units stop.

- Check the resistance of the compressor terminals and connections to the compressor
- 2. Check for overcharge of refrigerant
- 3. Check for correct voltage

#### <u>Troubleshooting Procedure for Synchronizing Fault During Operation</u>



#### U1, U3, U5, U7, U9 Error Codes

#### **Fault & Status**

#### **Possible Causes**



#### <u>Compressor Phase Detection Error</u> **Status:**

During cooling mode, compressor will stop, indoor fan will run. Heating mode all units stop.

1. Replace outdoor control panel AP1



#### DC Bus-Bar Voltage Unstable

#### Status:

During cooling mode, compressor will stop, indoor fan will run. Heating mode all units stop.

1. Supply voltage is unstable



### <u>Circuit Board Malfunction on Outdoor Unit</u>

#### Status:

During cooling mode, compressor will stop, indoor fan will run. Heating mode all units stop.

1. Replace outdoor control panel AP1



#### Reversing Valve Malfunction

#### Status:

During heating mode, complete unit will stop

- 1. Supply voltage is too low
- Wiring terminal on reversing valve is loose or broken
- 3. Replace reversing valve



### Zero crossing, malfunction of Outdoor Unit

During cooling mode, compressor will stop, indoor fan will run. Heating mode all units stop.

1. Replace outdoor control panel AP1

#### PH, PL, P5, P7, P8 Error Codes

#### **Fault & Status**

#### **Possible Causes**



#### <u> High DC Bus-Bar Voltage</u>

#### Status:

During cooling mode, compressor will stop, indoor fan will run. Heating mode all units stop.

- Measure the voltage on "L" & "N" on line voltage, if it is higher then 265vac, correct high voltage.
- If AC voltage is normal, measure the voltage on the electrolytic capacitor on control panel AP1, if it is normal replace the AP1 board.



#### Low DC Bus-Bar Voltage

#### Status:

During cooling mode, compressor will stop, indoor fan will run. Heating mode all units stop.

- Measure the voltage on "L" & "N" on line voltage, if it is lower then 200vac, correct incoming voltage.
- If AC voltage is normal, measure the voltage on the electrolytic capacitor on control panel AP1, if it is normal replace the AP1 board.



Overcurrent Protection of Compressor Phase Current

#### Status:

During heating mode, complete unit will stop

1. Refer to "H7" troubleshooting



### Module Temperature Sensor Circuit Failure Status:

During cooling mode, compressor will stop, indoor fan will run. Heating mode all units stop.

Replace outdoor control panel AP1



### Module High Temperature Protection

During cooling mode, compressor will stop, indoor fan will run. Heating mode all units stop.

 After unit is de-energized for 20 minutes, check for proper thermal grease on IPM module of outdoor control panel AP1 and contact is good. If this is OK, replace AP1 control module of outdoor unit.

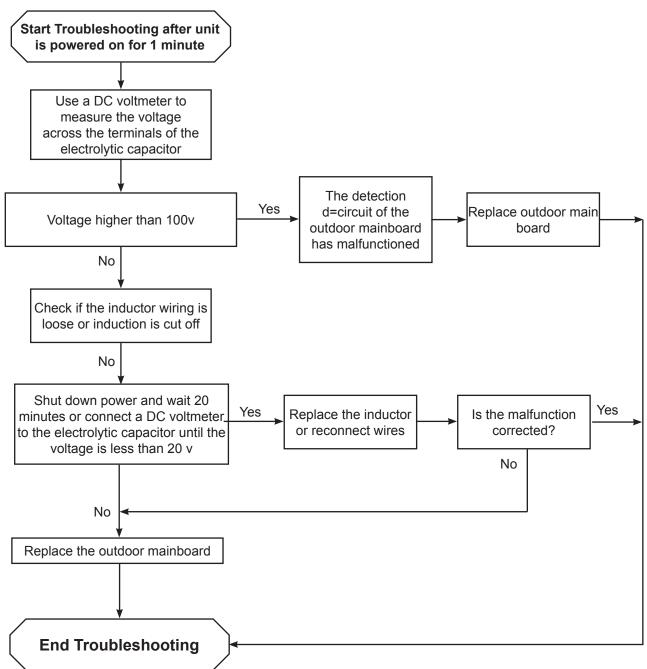
### PU Error Code Capacity Charging Malfunction



#### <u>Charging Malfunction of Capacitor</u> **Status:**

During cooling mode, compressor will stop, indoor fan will run. Heating mode all units stop.

- 1. Improper input voltage
- 2. Poor connection on reactor
- 3. Reactor damaged
- 4. Bad AP1 control board



### Disassembly of EVO+ Indoor Unit 12,000 btuh Other models may vary slightly Warning - Wait 10 minutes after power is disconnected before starting disassembly.

### 1. Before disassembly of indoor unit

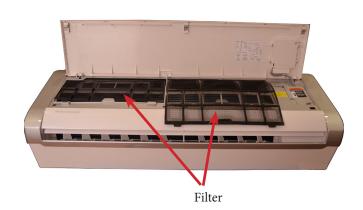
Before disassembly of indoor unit



### 2. Remove filter

**Step 1.** Open the panel

**Step 2.** Loosen the clasps on the filter, push the filter inward, then pull upward, removing the filters.



### 3. Remove guide louver

Step 1. Remove screws near filter

Step 2. Remove screws under hinged cover



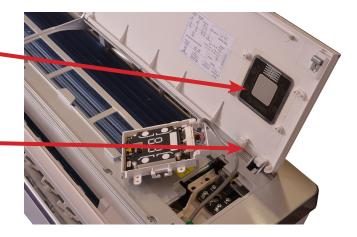
# Disassembly of EVO+ Indoor Unit 12,000 btuh Other models may vary slightly Warning - Wait 10 minutes after power is disconnected before starting disassembly.

### 4. Remove guide louver, continued

Small guide louver

**Step 1.** Remove the four srews holding the display. Carefully set to the side.

**Step 2.** Very carefully un-snap the cover and remove it.



### 5. Remove panel

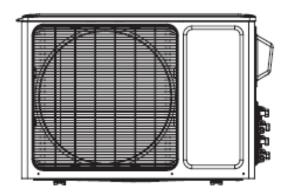
**Step 1.** Carefully remove the cover by slightly rotating up and un-snap from the back.



### **Disassembly of Outdoor Unit**

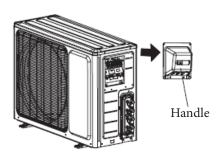
18,000 btuh Warning - Wait 10 minutes after power is disconnected before starting disassembly.

### 1. Before disassembly



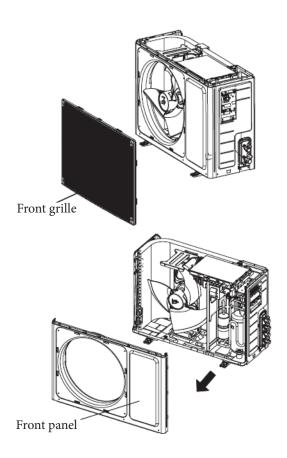
#### 2. Remove handle

Remove the screws connecting the handle, pull the handle upward to remove it.



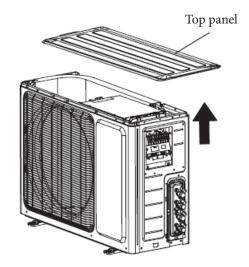
#### 4. Remove front panel and front grille

Remove the screws holding the grille, then remove the grille. Remove the screws holding the front panel and clamp, then rotate the panel to the left and remove the front panel.



#### 3. Remove top panel

Remove the screws connecting the handle

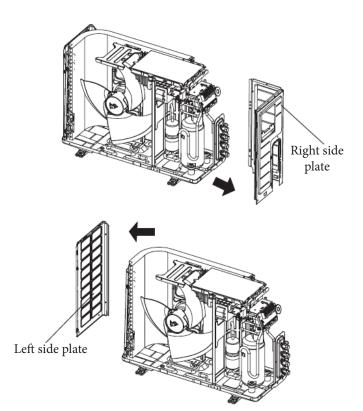


18,000 btuh Warning - Wait 10 minutes after power is disconnected before starting disassembly.

## 5. Remove right side panel

Remove the screws holding the right side panel to the chassis, valve support and electrical box. Remove the right side plate assembly.

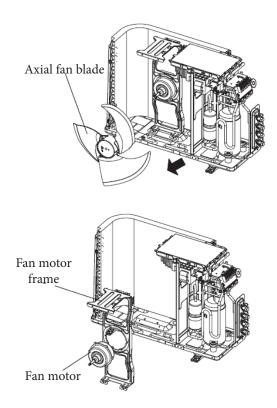
Remove the screws connecting the left side plate to the chassis, then remove it.



## 6. Remove the axial flow fan

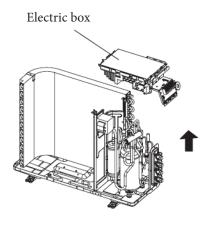
Remove the nuts holding the blade, then remove the blade.

Remove the srews holding the motor, disconnect the leading wire insert of the motor. Remove the two tapping screws holding the motor support and then pull the motor support upwards to remove it.



## 7. Remove electric box assembly

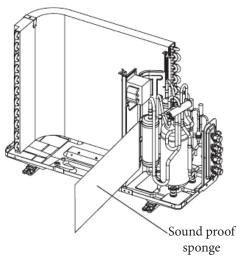
Remove the srews holding the electric box sub-assy, then loosen the wire bundle. Pull out the wire terminals and then pull the electric box upwards to remove it.



18,000 btuh Warning - Wait 10 minutes after power is disconnected before starting disassembly.

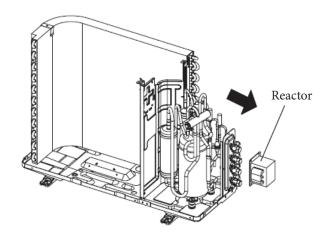
## 8. Remove sound proof sponge

Remove the sound proof sponge carefully.



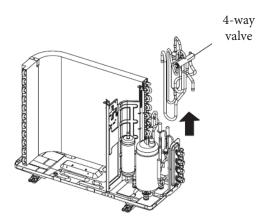
### 9. Remove reactor

Remove the three screws holding the reactor and middle isolation sheet, and the remove the reactor.



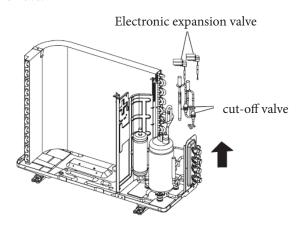
## 10. Remove 4-way valve

*Discharge the refrigerant completely*, unsolder the tubing connecting the compressor, then condenser assemble. Remove the 4-eway valve assembly.



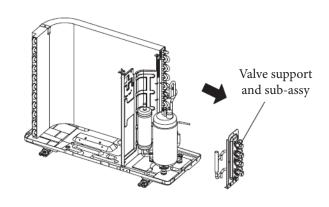
# 11. Remove electronic expansion valve and cut-off valve

Unsolder the electronic expansion valve and cut-off valve. Rotate and remove.



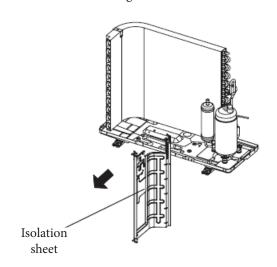
# 12. Remove valve support sub-assy.

Remove the screws holding the valve support and chassis, then remove the valve support sub-assy.



#### 13. Remove isolation sheet

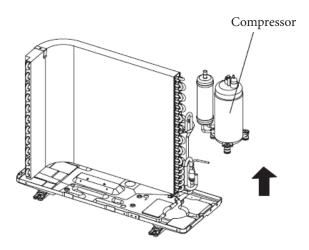
Remove the screws holding the isolation sheet then remove it.



18,000 btuh Warning - Wait 10 minutes after power is disconnected before starting disassembly.

# 14. Remove compressor

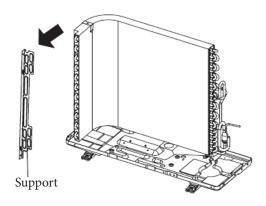
Remove the bolts holding the compressor to the chassis.

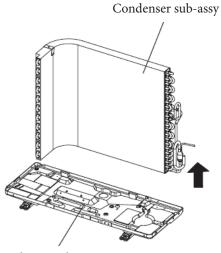


# 2. Remove condenser sub-assy.

Remove the screws holding the support (condenser) and condenser assy, and then remove the support.

Disassemble the chassis sub-assy and condenser sub-assy.



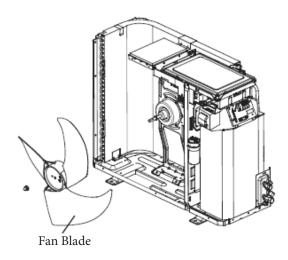


Chassis sub-assy

18,000 btuh Warning - Wait 10 minutes after power is disconnected before starting disassembly.

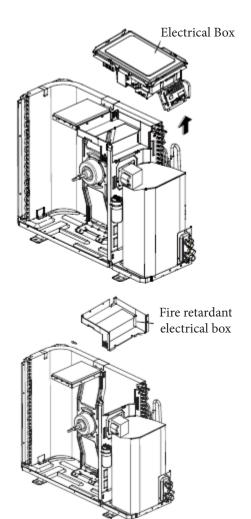
## 6. Remove fan blade

Remove the bolt holding the blade then remove.



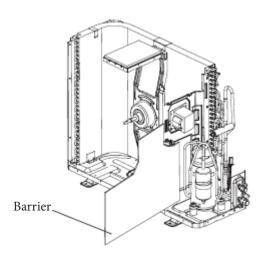
# 7. Remove electrical box assembly

Unplug the wire terminals of the compressor, motor, capacitor and reactor. Remove the bonding and ground screws, then remove screws holding box and remove box. Remove the screws holding the fire retardant box and remove,



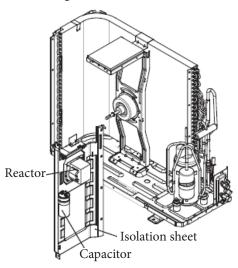
# 8. Remove sound proof barrier

Carefully remove barrier



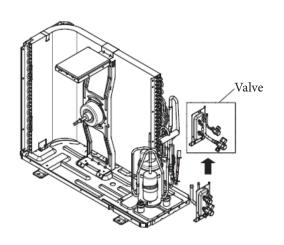
## 9. Remove isolation sheet

Remove screws holding sheet, then remove sheet



# 10. Remove refrigerant valves

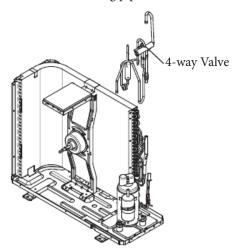
Properly remove refrigerant. Protect valve assembly by wrapping valves with wet cloth, unsolder valves, then remove screws holding support. Remove screws holding valves, then remove valves.



18,000 btuh Warning - Wait 10 minutes after power is disconnected before starting disassembly.

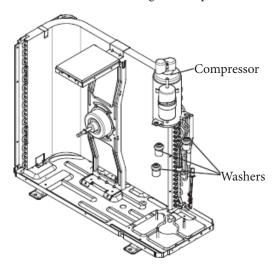
## 11. Remove 4-way valve

Properly remove refrigerant charge, then remove valve by heating brazed joints and withdrawing pipe from valve.



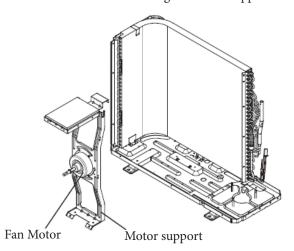
## 12. Remove compressor

Remove the three screws holding the compressor.



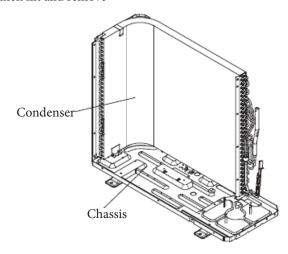
# 13. Remove fan motor and support

Remove the 4 screws holding the motor, remove wire connector, then remove the two screws holding the motor support bracket



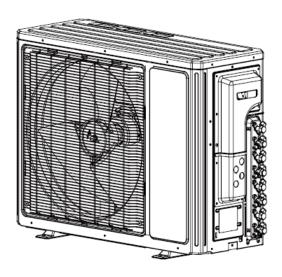
## 14. Remove condenser

Remove the screws holding the condenser assembly and chassis, then lift and remove



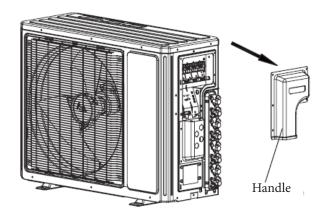
24,000 & 30,000 btuh Warning - Wait 10 minutes after power is disconnected before starting disassembly.

# 1. Before disassembly



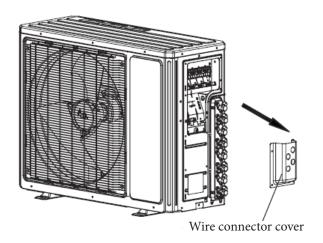
# 2. Remove handle

Remove the screws connecting the handle, pull the handle upward to remove it.



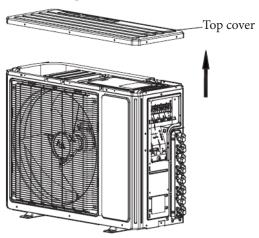
### 3. Remove wire connection cover

Remove the screws connecting the handle



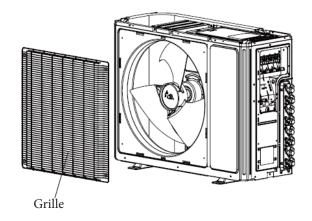
## 4. Remove top cover

Remove the screws holding the top cover, panel, left and right sides to remove the top cover.



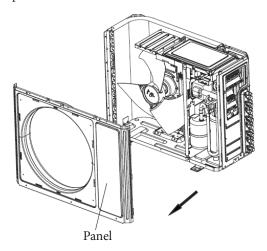
# 5. Remove grille

Remove the screws holding the grille and panel, then remove the grille.



## 6. Remove panel

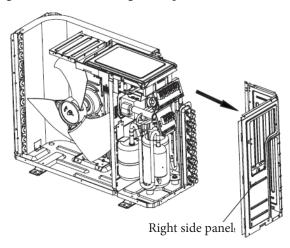
Remove the screws holding the panel, chassis and motor to remove the panel.



24,000 & 30,000 btuh Warning - Wait 10 minutes after power is disconnected before starting disassembly.

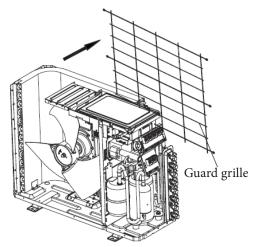
## 7. Remove right side panel

Remove the screws holding the right side panel, valve support and guard grille,. to remove the right side panel



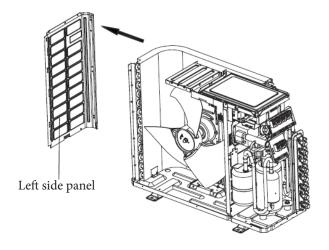
# 8. Remove guard grille

Remove the screws holding the guard grille and left side panel to remove guard grille



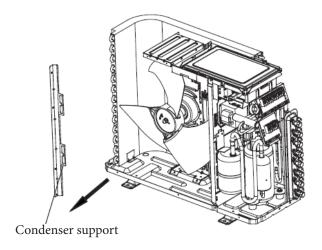
# 9. Remove left side panel

Remove the screws holding the panel to the chassis and condenser support.



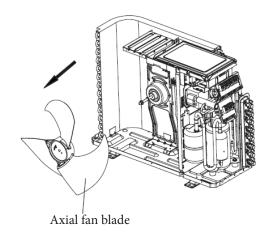
## 10. Remove condenser support

Remove the screws holding the support and chassis, then remove the support.



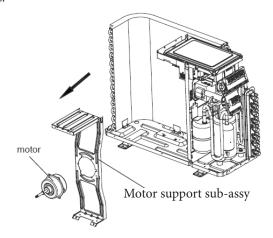
### 11. Remove axial fan blade

Remove the screws holding the fan blade on the fan, then remove blade.



## 12. Remove motor and motor support sub-assy.

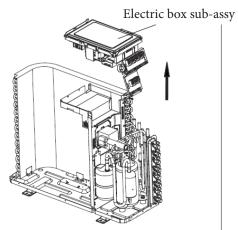
Remove the screws holding the motor, pull out the pin of leading wire for motor and remove the screws holding the support and chassis.



24,000 & 30,000 btuh Warning - Wait 10 minutes after power is disconnected before starting disassembly.

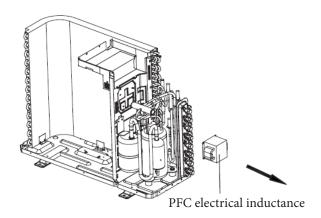
## 13. Before electric box sub-assy

Remove the screws holding the isolation sheet, loosen wire binds, pull out the terminals, then lift to remove the electric box subassy.



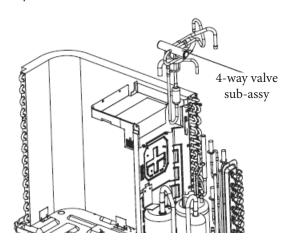
# 14. Remove PFC electrical inductance

Remove the screws holding the PFC electrical inductance and isolation sheet, then remove the PFC electrical inductance.



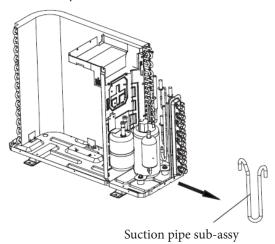
# 15. Remove 4-way valve sub-assy.

*Remove all refrigerant from unit.* Unsolder the tubing connecting the compressor, then condenser assembly. Remove the 4-way valve assembly.



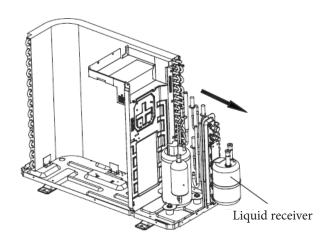
## 16. Remove suction pipe sub-assy

Unsolder the joints connecting the suction pipe sub-assy, then remove the assembly.



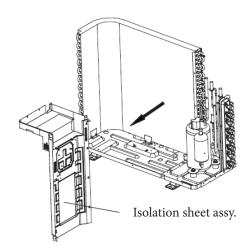
# 17. Remove liquid receiver

Remove the screws holding the isolation sheet and liquid receiver, then lift receiver out.



# 18. Remove isolation sheet assy.

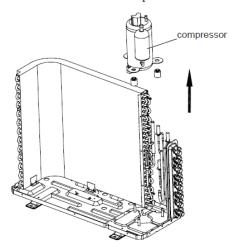
Remove he screws holding the isolation sheet and condenser side plate to remove the isolation sheet.



24,000 & 30,000 btuh Warning - Wait 10 minutes after power is disconnected before starting disassembly.

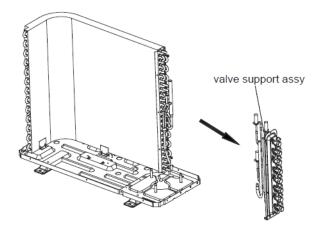
## 19. Remove compressor

Remove the screws holding the compressor feet and chassis as well as the cushions to remove the compressor.



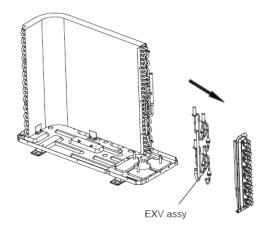
# 20. Remove valve support assy.

Remove the screws holding the valve support assy. and chassis sub-assy to remove the valve support assy.



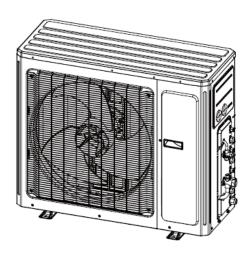
# 21. Remove EEV Assy

Unsolder the joints holding the EEV sub-assy and refrigerant collection pipe. Note: Fully pack the big valve with a cool wet cloth to prevent high temperature damage to valve.



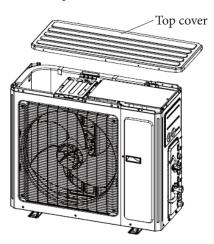
36,000 btuh Warning - Wait 10 minutes after power is disconnected before starting disassembly.

# 1. Before disassembly



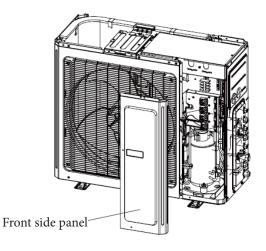
# 2. Remove top cover

Remove the screws holding the top cover, panel, left and right sides to remove the top cover..



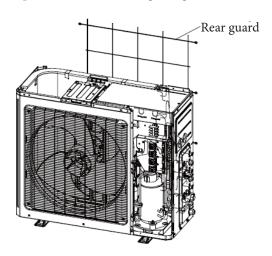
## 3. Remove front side panel

Remove the screws holding the panel, chassis and middle isolation sheet to remove panel.



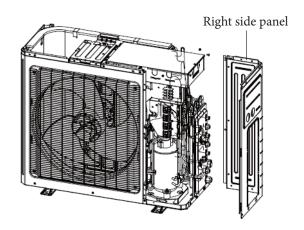
## 4. Remove rear guard

Remove the 6 screws holding the grille with the right side panel and left side panel, then remove the guard grille



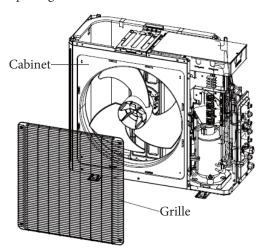
# 5. Remove right side panel

Remove the screws holding the right side panel with electric box assy, valve support, chassis and condenser side panel to remove the right side panel.



# 6. Remove grille and cabinet

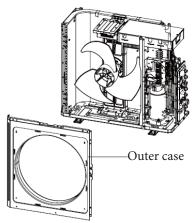
Remove the 4 screws holding the grille and outer case, then remove the panel grille.



# 36,000 btuh Warning - Wait 10 minutes after power is disconnected before starting disassembly.

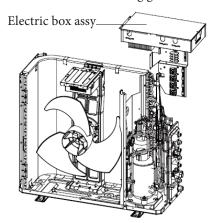
#### 7. Remove outer case

Remove the screws holding the outer case and motor support, middle isolation sheet and chassis, pull the outer case slightly upward, loosen clasps between outer case and right side panel, then re3move outer case.



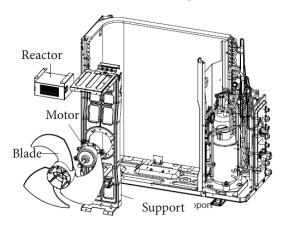
## 8. Remove electric box assy

Remove the ground wire screw on the electric box assy, then remove the grounding wire. Disconnect the wiring terminals of all components that are connected to the electrical box for removal. Remove the wire from inside the wiring groove.



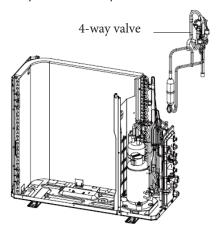
### 9. Remove blade, motor, reactor & motor support

Remove the screws holding the axial fan blade, then remove the blade. Remove the screws holding the motor support to the chassis, then remove the support. Remove the screws holding the motor and reactor, then remove each component.



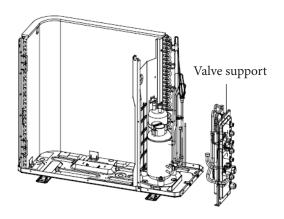
#### 10. Remove 4-way valve

*Remove all refrigerant from unit.* Unsolder the tubing connecting the compressor, liquid separator, then condenser assembly. Remove the 4-way valve assembly.



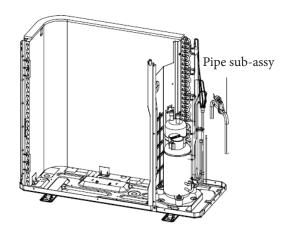
## 11. Remove valve support

Unsolder all joints on valve support, then remove. Note: Protect the valves by wrapping in wet cloth.



## 12. Remove connection pipe sub-assy

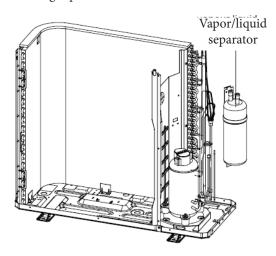
Unsolder all joints on pipe sub-assy., then remove.



36,000 btuh Warning - Wait 10 minutes after power is disconnected before starting disassembly.

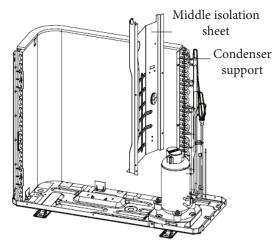
# 13. Remove vapor/liquid separator

Unsolder all joints connected with separator, then remove all screws connecting separator and middle isolation sheet.



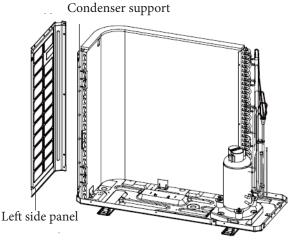
## 14. Remove middle isolation sheet

Remove the screws holding middle isolation sheet and chassis then remove the isolation sheet.



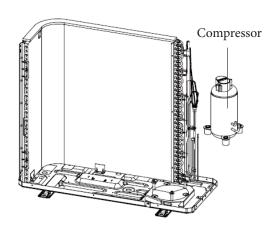
### 15. Remove left side panel

Remove the screws holding the left side panel, chassis and middle isolation sheet to remove panel.



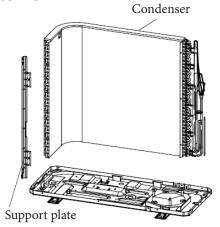
## 16. Remove compressor

Remove the screws holding the compressor feet and chassis as well as the cushions to remove the compressor. Prevent moisture and debris from entering tubing.



### 17. Remove condenser

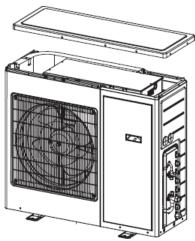
Remove the screws holding condenser and chassis, then remove the condenser. Remove the screws holding the support plate, then remove the support plate.



# 42,000 btuh Warning - Wait 10 minutes after power is disconnected before starting disassembly.

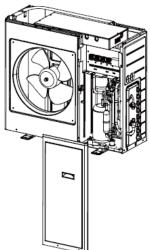
## 1. Remove the cover plate

Remove the screws holding the top cover, then remove the top cover.



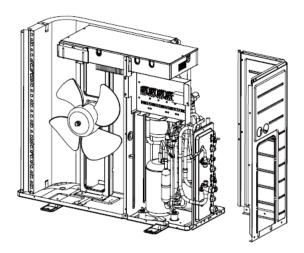
# 2. Remove front panel

Remove the screws holding the front panel, then remove the front cover.



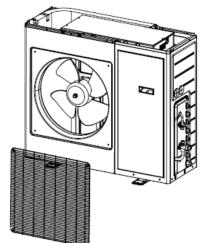
## 3. Remove right panel

Remove the screws holding the right panel, then remove the right cover.



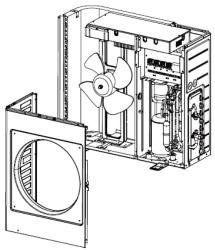
## 4. Remove grille

Remove the screws holding the grille, then remove the guard grille.



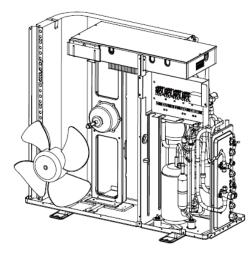
# 5. Remove outer casing

Remove the screws holding outer casing, then remove the outer casing.



### 6. Remove fan blades

Remove the 4 screws holding fan blade, then remove the fan blade.

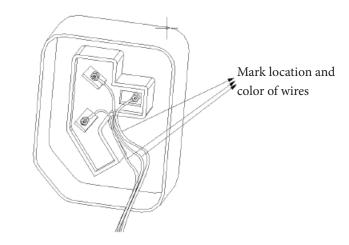


42,000 btuh Warning - Wait 10 minutes after power is disconnected before starting disassembly.

# Disassembly of the compressor

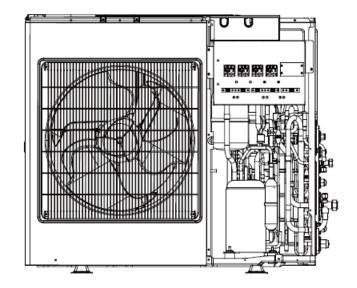
## 1. Disconnect wires

Remove the wires from the compressor, noting the colors and locations of each wire.



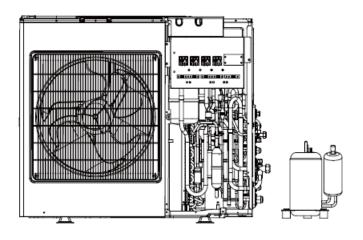
# 2. Disassemble piping

Reclaim all refrigerant from system before removing tubing. Follow proper procedure to disconnect tubing from compressor. Keep debris and moisture from entering system.



# 3. Remove compressor

Remove the bolts holding down the compressor to the chassis. Remove the compressor.

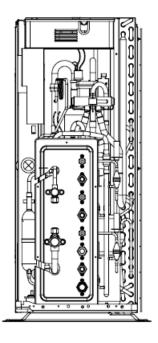


42,000 btuh Warning - Wait 10 minutes after power is disconnected before starting disassembly.

# Disassembly of the 4-way valve

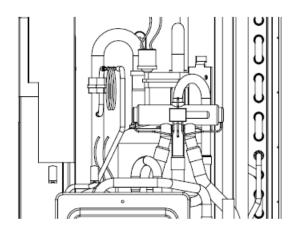
# 1. Remove the 4-way valve coil

Remove the screws holding the coil, then remove the coil.



# 2. Remove 4-way valve

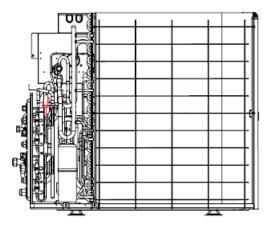
Reclaim all refrigerant from system before removing tubing. Remove tubing from 4-way valve, then remove the valve. Keep debris and moisture from entering system.



# Disassembly of the Electronic Expansion Valve

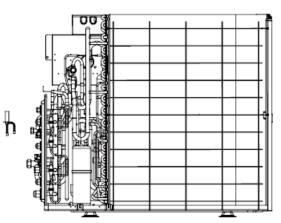
### 1. Remove EEV coil

Remove the coil by rotating until it is unlocked.



## 2. Disconnect the tubing

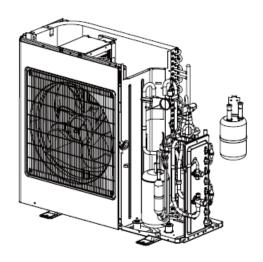
Reclaim all refrigerant from system before removing tubing. Follow proper procedure to disconnect tubing from EEV. Keep debris and moisture from entering system.



# Disassembly of the Vapor/Liquid Separator

## 1. Disconnect piping

Reclaim all refrigerant from system before removing tubing. Remove tubing from separator, then remove the separator. Keep debris and moisture from entering system.



Appendix 1: Resistance Table of Ambient Temperature Sensor for Indoor and Outdoor Units (15K)

Temp	Temp	Resis-	Temp	Temp	Resis-	Temp	Temp	Resis-
(°C)	(°F)	tance	(°C)	(°F)	tance	(°C)	(°F)	tance
		(kΩ)			(kΩ)			(kΩ)
-19	-2.2	138.1	33	91.4	10.63	85	185.0	1.594
-18	-0.4	128.6	34	93.2	10.2	86	186.8	1.544
-17	1.4	121.6	35	95.0	9.779	87	188.6	1.497
-16	3.2	115	36	96.8	9.382	88	190.4	1.451
-15	5.0	108.7	37	98.6	9.003	89	192.2	1.408
-14	6.8	102.9	38	100.4	8.642	90	194.0	1.363
-13	8.6	97.4	39	102.2	8.297	91	195.8	1.322
-12	10.4	92.22	40	104.0	7.967	92	197.6	1.282
-11	12.2	87.35	41	105.8	7.653	93	199.4	1.244
-10	14.0	82.75	42	107.6	7.352	94	201.2	1.207
-9	15.8	78.43	43	109.4	7.065	95	203.0	1.171
-8	17.6	74.35	44	111.2	6.791	96	204.8	1.136
-7	19.4	70.5	45	113.0	6.529	97	206.6	1.103
-6	21.2	66.88	46	114.8	6.278	98	208.4	1.071
-5	23.0	63.46	47	116.6	6.038	99	210.2	1.039
-4	24.8	60.23	48	118.4	5.809	100	212.0	1.009
-3	26.6	57.18	49	120.2	5.589	101	213.8	0.98
-2	28.4	54.31	50	122.0	5.379	102	215.6	0.952
-1	30.2	51.59	51	123.8	5.197	103	217.4	0.925
0	32.0	49.02	52	125.6	4.986	104	219.2	0.898
1	33.8	46.6	53	127.4	4.802	105	221.0	0.873
2	35.6	44.31	54	129.2	4.625	106	222.8	0.848
3	37.4	42.14	55	131.0	4.456	107	224.6	0.825
4	39.2	40.09	56	132.8	4.294	108	226.4	0.802
5	41.0	38.15	57	134.6	4.139	109	228.2	0.779
6	42.8	36.32	58	136.4	3.99	110	230.0	0.758
7	44.6	34.58	59	138.2	3.848	111	231.8	0.737
8	46.4	32.94	60	140.0	3.711	112	233.6	0.717
9	48.2	31.38	61	141.8	3.579	113	235.4	0.697

Appendix 1: Resistance Table of Ambient Temperature Sensor for Indoor and Outdoor Units (15K)

Temp	Temp	Resis-	Temp	Temp	Resis-	Temp	Temp	Resis-
(°C)	(°F)	tance	(°C)	(°F)	tance	(°C)	(°F)	tance
		(kΩ)			(kΩ)			$(k\Omega)$
10	50.0	29.9	62	143.6	3.454	114	237.2	0.678
11	51.8	28.51	63	145.4	3.333	115	239.0	0.66
12	53.6	27.18	64	147.2	3.217	116	240.8	0.642
13	55.4	25.92	65	149.0	3.105	117	242.6	0.625
14	57.2	24.73	66	150.8	2.998	118	244.4	0.608
15	59.0	23.6	67	152.6	2.896	119	246.2	0.592
16	60.8	22.53	68	154.4	2.797	120	248.0	0.577
17	62.6	21.51	69	156.2	2.702	121	249.8	0.561
18	64.4	20.54	70	158.0	2.611	122	251.6	0.547
19	66.2	19.63	71	159.8	2.523	123	253.4	0.532
20	68.0	18.75	72	161.6	2.439	124	255.2	0.519
21	69.8	17.93	73	163.4	2.358	125	257.0	0.505
22	71.6	17.14	74	165.2	2.28	126	258.8	0.492
23	73.4	16.39	75	167.0	2.206	127	260.6	0.48
24	75.2	15.68	76	168.8	2.133	128	262.4	0.467
25	77.0	15	77	170.6	2.064	129	264.2	0.456
26	78.8	14.36	78	172.4	1.997	130	266.0	0.44
27	80.6	13.74	79	174.2	1.933	131	267.8	0.433
28	82.4	13.16	80	176.0	1.871	132	269.6	0.422
29	84.2	12.6	81	177.8	1.811	133	271.4	0.412
30	86.0	12.07	82	179.6	1.754	134	273.2	0.401
31	87.8	11.57	83	181.4	1.699	135	275.0	0.391

Appendix 2: Resistance Table of Outdoor and Indoor Tube Temperature Sensors (20K)

Temp (°C)	Temp (°F)	Resistance $(k\Omega)$	Temp (°C)	Temp (°F)	Resistance $(k\Omega)$	Temp (°C)	Temp (°F)	Resistance (kΩ)
-19	-2.2	181.4	33	91.4	14.18	85	185.0	2.125
-18	-0.4	171.4	34	93.2	13.59	86	186.8	2.059
-17	1.4	162.1	35	95.0	13.04	87	188.6	1.996
-16	3.2	153.3	36	96.8	12.51	88	190.4	1.934
-15	5.0	145	37	98.6	12	89	192.2	1.875
-14	6.8	137.2	38	100.4	11.52	90	194.0	1.818
-13	8.6	129.9	39	102.2	11.06	91	195.8	1.736
-12	10.4	123	40	104.0	10.62	92	197.6	1.71
-11	12.2	116.5	41	105.8	10.2	93	199.4	1.658
-10	14.0	110.3	42	107.6	9.803	94	201.2	1.609
-9	15.8	104.6	43	109.4	9.42	95	203.0	1.561
-8	17.6	99.13	44	111.2	9.054	96	204.8	1.515
-7	19.4	94	45	113.0	8.705	97	206.6	1.47
-6	21.2	89.17	46	114.8	8.37	98	208.4	1.427
-5	23.0	84.61	47	116.6	8.051	99	210.2	1.386
-4	24.8	80.31	48	118.4	7.745	100	212.0	1.346
-3	26.6	76.24	49	120.2	7.453	101	213.8	1.307
-2	28.4	72.41	50	122.0	7.173	102	215.6	1.269
-1	30.2	68.79	51	123.8	6.905	103	217.4	1.233
0	32.0	65.37	52	125.6	6.648	104	219.2	1.198
1	33.8	62.13	53	127.4	6.403	105	221.0	1.164
2	35.6	59.08	54	129.2	6.167	106	222.8	1.131
3	37.4	56.19	55	131.0	5.942	107	224.6	1.099
4	39.2	53.46	56	132.8	5.726	108	226.4	1.069
5	41.0	50.87	57	134.6	5.519	109	228.2	1.039
6	42.8	48.42	58	136.4	5.32	110	230.0	1.01
7	44.6	46.11	59	138.2	5.13	111	231.8	0.983
8	46.4	43.92	60	140.0	4.948	112	233.6	0.956
9	48.2	41.84	61	141.8	4.773	113	235.4	0.93

Appendix 2: Resistance Table of Outdoor and Indoor Tube Temperature Sensors (20K)

Temp	Temp	Resis-	Temp	Temp	Resis-	Temp	Temp	Resis-
(°C)	(°F)	tance	(°C)	(°F)	tance	(°C)	(°F)	tance
		(kΩ)			(kΩ)			$(k\Omega)$
10	50.0	39.87	62	143.6	4.605	114	237.2	0.904
11	51.8	38.01	63	145.4	4.443	115	239.0	0.88
12	53.6	36.24	64	147.2	4.289	116	240.8	0.856
13	55.4	34.57	65	149.0	4.14	117	242.6	0.833
14	57.2	32.98	66	150.8	3.998	118	244.4	0.811
15	59.0	31.47	67	152.6	3.861	119	246.2	0.77
16	60.8	30.04	68	154.4	3.729	120	248.0	0.769
17	62.6	28.68	69	156.2	3.603	121	249.8	0.746
18	64.4	27.39	70	158.0	3.481	122	251.6	0.729
19	66.2	26.17	71	159.8	3.364	123	253.4	0.71
20	68.0	25.01	72	161.6	3.252	124	255.2	0.692
21	69.8	23.9	73	163.4	3.144	125	257.0	0.674
22	71.6	22.85	74	165.2	3.04	126	258.8	0.658
23	73.4	21.85	75	167.0	2.94	127	260.6	0.64
24	75.2	20.9	76	168.8	2.844	128	262.4	0.623
25	77.0	20	77	170.6	2.752	129	264.2	0.607
26	78.8	19.14	78	172.4	2.663	130	266.0	0.592
27	80.6	18.13	79	174.2	2.577	131	267.8	0.577
28	82.4	17.55	80	176.0	2.495	132	269.6	0.563
29	84.2	16.8	81	177.8	2.415	133	271.4	0.549
30	86.0	16.1	82	179.6	2.339	134	273.2	0.535
31	87.8	15.43	83	181.4	2.265	135	275.0	0.521
32	89.6	14.79	84	183.2	2.194	136	276.8	0.509

Appendix 3: Resistance Table of Outdoor Discharge Temperature Sensor (50K)

Temp (°C)	Temp (°F)	Resis- tance	Temp (°C)	Temp (°F)	Resis- tance	Temp (°C)	Temp (°F)	Resis- tance
(°C)	(*F)	$(k\Omega)$	(*C)	(°F)	$(k\Omega)$	(30)	(*F)	$(k\Omega)$
-29	-20.2	853.5	23	73.4	53.74	75	167.0	7.224
-28	-18.4	799.8	24	75.2	51.41	76	168.8	6.998
-27	-16.6	750	25	77.0	49.19	77	170.6	6.761
-26	-14.8	703.8	26	78.8	47.08	78	172.4	6.542
-25	-13.0	660.8	27	80.6	45.07	79	174.2	6.331
-24	-11.2	620.8	28	82.4	43.16	80	176.0	6.129
-23	-9.4	580.6	29	84.2	41.34	81	177.8	5.933
-22	-7.6	548.9	30	86.0	39.61	82	179.6	5.746
-21	-5.8	516.6	31	87.8	37.96	83	181.4	5.565
-20	-4.0	486.5	32	89.6	36.38	84	183.2	5.39
-19	-2.2	458.3	33	91.4	34.88	85	185.0	5.22
-18	-0.4	432	34	93.2	33.45	86	186.8	5.06
-17	1.4	407.4	35	95.0	32.09	87	188.6	4.904
-16	3.2	384.5	36	96.8	30.79	88	190.4	4.754
-15	5.0	362.9	37	98.6	29.54	89	192.2	4.609
-14	6.8	342.8	38	100.4	28.36	90	194.0	4.469
-13	8.6	323.9	39	102.2	27.23	91	195.8	4.334
-12	10.4	306.2	40	104.0	26.15	92	197.6	4.204
-11	12.2	289.6	41	105.8	25.11	93	199.4	4.079
-10	14.0	274	42	107.6	24.13	94	201.2	3.958
-9	15.8	259.3	43	109.4	23.19	95	203.0	3.841
-8	17.6	245.6	44	111.2	22.29	96	204.8	3.728
-7	19.4	232.6	45	113.0	21.43	97	206.6	3.619
-6	21.2	220.5	46	114.8	20.6	98	208.4	3.514
-5	23.0	209	47	116.6	19.81	99	210.2	3.413
-4	24.8	198.3	48	118.4	19.06	100	212.0	3.315
-3	26.6	199.1	49	120.2	18.34	101	213.8	3.22
-2	28.4	178.5	50	122.0	17.65	102	215.6	3.129
-1	30.2	169.5	51	123.8	16.99	103	217.4	3.04
0	32.0	161	52	125.6	16.36	104	219.2	2.955
1	33.8	153	53	127.4	15.75	105	221.0	2.872
2	35.6	145.4	54	129.2	15.17	106	222.8	2.792
3	37.4	138.3	55	131.0	14.62	107	224.6	2.715
4	39.2	131.5	56	132.8	14.09	108	226.4	2.64

Appendix 3: Resistance Table of Outdoor Discharge Temperature Sensor (50K)

Temp (°C)	Temp (°F)	Resistance $(k\Omega)$	Temp (°C)	Temp (°F)	Resistance $(k\Omega)$	Temp (°C)	Temp (°F)	Resis- tance (kΩ)
5	41.0	125.1	57	134.6	13.58	109	228.2	2.568
6	42.8	119.1	58	136.4	13.09	110	230.0	2.498
7	44.6	113.4	59	138.2	12.62	111	231.8	2.431
8	46.4	108	60	140.0	12.17	112	233.6	2.365
9	48.2	102.8	61	141.8	11.74	113	235.4	2.302
10	50.0	98	62	143.6	11.32	114	237.2	2.241
11	51.8	93.42	63	145.4	10.93	115	239.0	2.182
12	53.6	89.07	64	147.2	10.54	116	240.8	2.124
13	55.4	84.95	65	149.0	10.18	117	242.6	2.069
14	57.2	81.05	66	150.8	9.827	118	244.4	2.015
15	59.0	77.35	67	152.6	9.489	119	246.2	1.963
16	60.8	73.83	68	154.4	9.165	120	248.0	1.912
17	62.6	70.5	69	156.2	8.854	121	249.8	1.863
18	64.4	67.34	70	158.0	8.555	122	251.6	1.816
19	66.2	64.33	71	159.8	8.268	123	253.4	1.77
20	68.0	61.48	72	161.6	7.991	124	255.2	1.725
21	69.8	58.77	73	163.4	7.726	125	257.0	1.682
22	71.6	56.19	74	165.2	7.47	126	258.8	1.64